

JUKI®

SINGLE-NEEDLE LOCKSTITCH UPPER AND LOWER FEED
AUTOMATIC UNDERTRIMMER
INDUSTRIAL SEWING MACHINE

MODEL

LY2-3750-B1T

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

INTRODUCTION

Thank you very much for purchasing industrial sewing machine.

Please read this instruction manual before operating the sewing machine. Please read also “Safety Manual”, “Instruction manual for LIMISERVO” and operate the sewing machine correctly and safely.

PRECAUTION BEFORE STARTING OPERATION

1 Safety Precautions

1. When turning the power on, keep your hands and fingers away from the area around/under the needle and the area around the pulley.
2. The power must be turned off when the machine is not used, or when the operator leaves his/her seat.
3. The power must be turned off before tilting the machine head, installing or removing the “V” belt, adjusting the machine, or replacing parts.
4. Avoid placing fingers, hairs, obstacles, etc. near the pulley, “V” belt, bobbin winder wheel, or motor when the machine is in operation. Injury could result.
5. Don't put fingers into the thread take-up lever cover, around/under the needle, or pulley when the machine is in operation.
6. If the belt cover, the finger guard, and/or the eye guard are installed, don't operate the machine without these safety devices.

2 Precaution before Starting Operation

1. If the machine's oil pan has an oil sump, never operate the machine without filling oil in it.
2. If the machine is lubricated by a drop oiler, never operate the machine without lubricating.
3. When a new sewing machine is operated, verify the rotational direction of the pulley with the power on.
(The pulley should rotate counterclockwise when viewed from the pulley.)
4. Verify voltage and (single or three) phase indicated on the nameplate of the motor.

3 Precaution for Operating Conditions

1. Avoid using the machine at abnormally high temperature (35°C or higher) or low temperature (5°C or lower). Otherwise, machine failure may result.
2. Avoid using the machine in dusty conditions.
3. Avoid using the machine in conditions filled with a lot of electric noises such as high-frequency welders.

CONTENTS

PREPARATION FOR OPERATION	1
1 Adjustment of the needle stopping position	1
USAGE PRECAUTION	1
1 Installation of the knee lifter	1
2 Lubrication	2
3 Lubrication condition	2
4 Adjustment of lubrication to the rotating hook	2
5 Adjustment of lubrication to the upper shaft	2
6 Adjustment of the oil pump	2
7 Periodical cleaning	3
8 Precaution for the built-in type detector	3
9 Installation of the belt cover	3
10 Precaution on operation	3
HOW TO USE	4
1 Installation of the needle	4
2 Winding of the bobbin thread	4
3 Threading of the needle thread	5
4 Adjustment of feed (stitch) length and backstitch	5
5 Balance of threads tension	5
6 Adjustment of the needle thread tension	6
7 Adjustment of the bobbin thread tension	6
8 Adjustment of the presser foot pressure	6
9 Adjustment of the feed dog height	7
10 Adjustment of the feed dog inclination	7
11 Adjustment of forward/backward stitch length	7
12 Manual Presser bar lifter	8
13 Adjustment of the feed foot and the presser foot	8
14 Adjustment of the feed timing	10
15 Adjustment of the thread trimmer device	10
16 The rotating hook, bobbin case, and bobbin	13
17 Adjustment of the gap between the pulley and the machine head	13
SPECIFICATIONS	14

PREPARATION FOR OPERATION

1 Adjustment of the needle stopping position

1. Adjustment of "UP" position

When the pedal is kicked down by heel, the machine stops at "UP" position.

If marks deviate larger than 3 mm, adjust as follows.

- (1) Disconnect the plug (12pins) of cable from the machine head.
- (2) Run the machine and stop at "UP" position.
- (3) While holding the pulley, insert the "Adjusting tool" in the hole ①, then turn the tool.

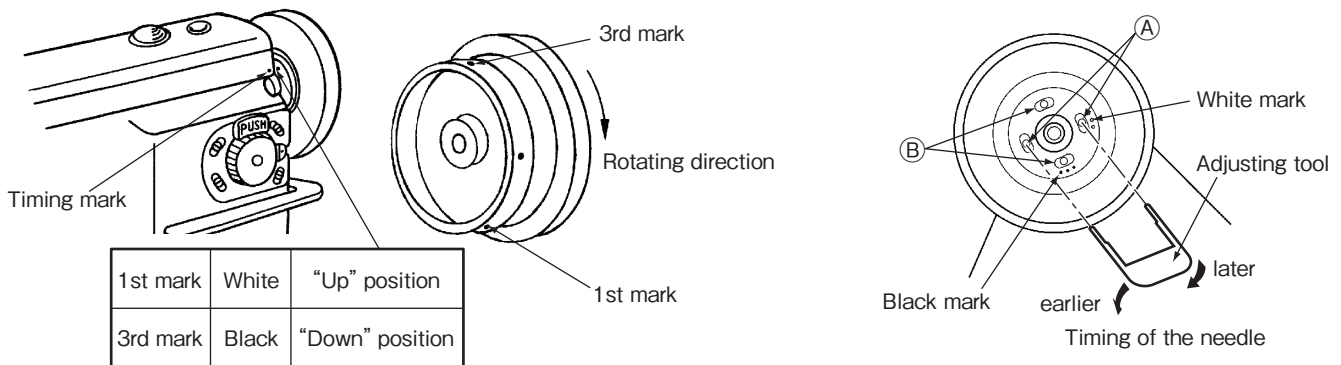
2. Adjustment of "Down" position

When the pedal is "Neutral" the machine stops at "Down" position.

If marks deviate large than 3 mm, adjust as follows.

- (1) Disconnect the plug (12pins) of cable from the machine head.
- (2) Run the machine and stop at "Down" position.
- (3) While holding the pulley, insert the "Adjusting tool" in the hole ②, then turn the tool.

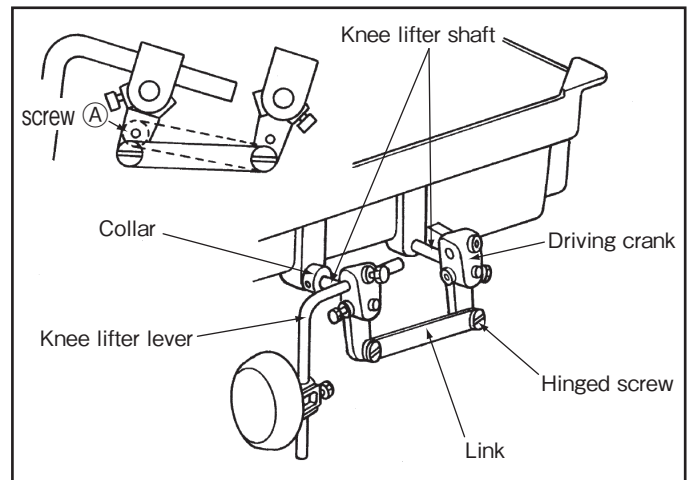
3. Confirm the stop operation, then set the plug (12pins) coming from the machine head into the receptacle.



USAGE PRECAUTION

1 Installation of the knee lifter

1. Pull out knee lifter shafts (on the right and left) as far as possible, and set them.
2. Install the driving crank on each shaft.
3. Set a link between the right and left driving cranks to connect them.
4. Install the knee lifter lever on the left driving crank.
5. The operating force can be lightened by connecting a link with the inside screw ① in the left driving crank as shown in the dotted line of the figure. However, in this case the operation amount of the knee lifter lever is increased.



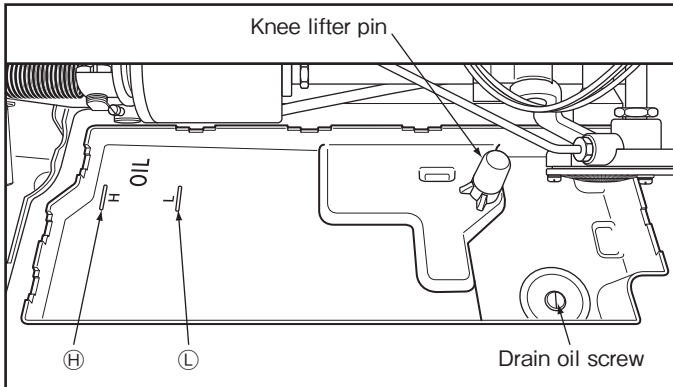
USAGE PRECAUTION

2 Lubrication

Fill the oil reservoir with oil up to “H” line.
Oil level should be periodically checked. If oil level is found below “L” line replenish oil to “H” line.
For oil, use “MC70M” specified by our company.

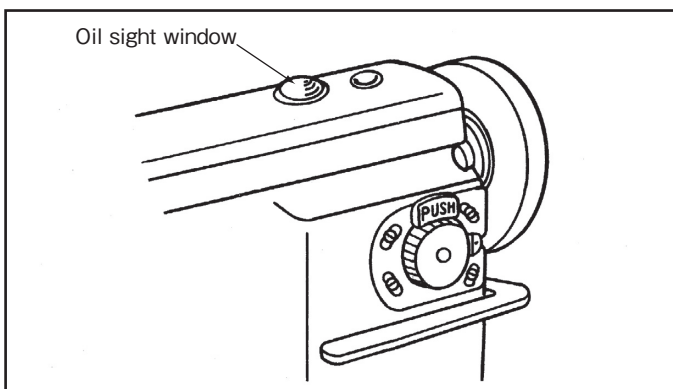
※ Refer

MC70M : Specific gravity (15°C) = 0.86 (g/cm³)
: Viscosity (40°C) = 10.9 (mm²/s)



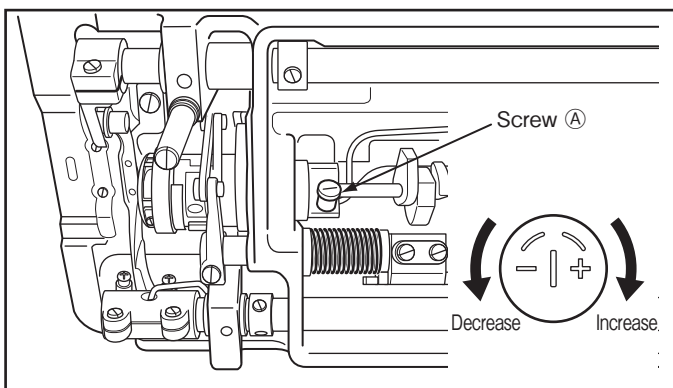
3 Lubrication condition

Check that the oil splashed the oil sight window.



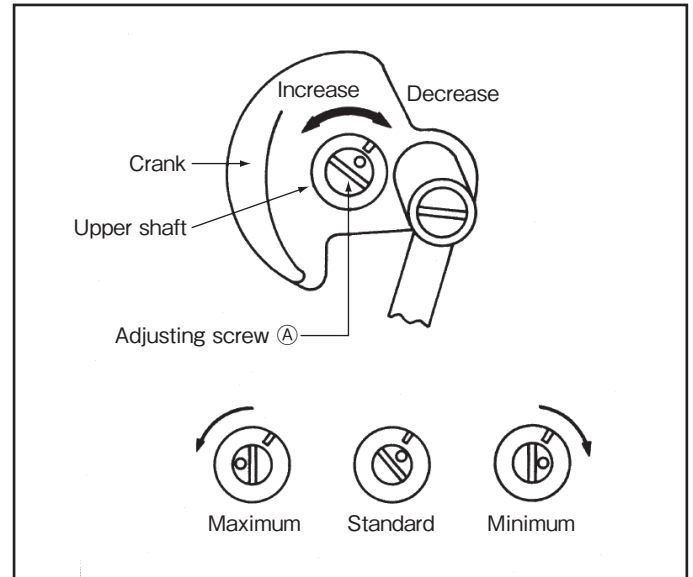
4 Adjustment of lubrication to the rotating hook

Adjust the lubrication amount of the rotating hook by turning the screw ①.



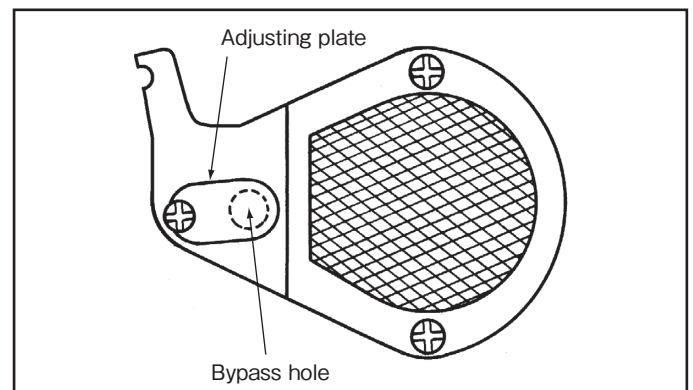
5 Adjustment of lubrication to the upper shaft

Remove the face plate, and adjust the lubrication amount by turning the upper shaft lubrication adjusting screw.



6 Adjustment of the oil pump

The standard adjustment is as follows:
The adjusting plate keeps the bypass hole fully closed. To decrease splashing, open the bypass hole appropriately.

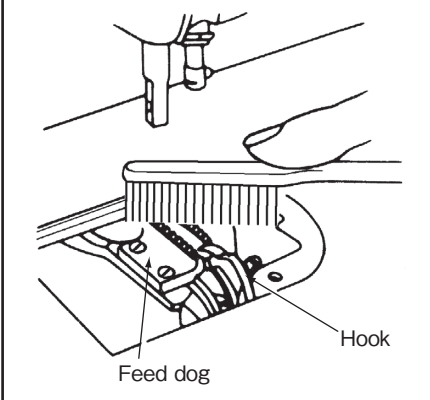


USAGE PRECAUTION

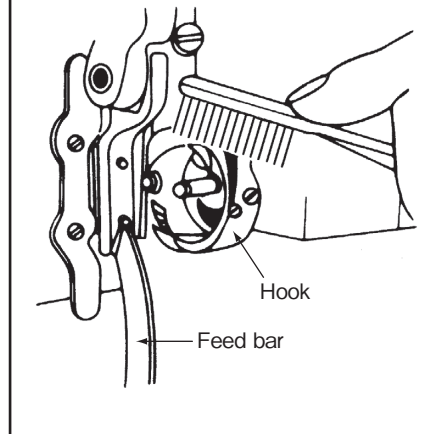
7 Periodical cleaning

1. Machine

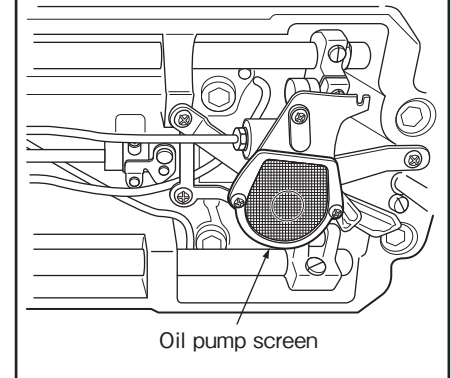
- Remove the throat plate and clean the feed dog. Reassembly should be done by screwing in the screw 2-3 rotations by hand at first, then tightening them evenly using a long-shafted screwdriver.



- Lean the machine head and clean the hook and remove any dust and/or lint inside the bobbin case.



- Lean the machine head and remove any dust and/or lint on the oil pump screen.



2. Motor

Remove dust from the motor filter every one or two months. (Continued operation with the filter clogged with lint or dust may overheat the motor.)

3. Control Box

Remove dust from the connector. (If the connector is covered with dust, the machine might malfunction.)

8 Precaution for the built-in type detector

1. Since the optical type detecting element is used in the detector, prevent dust or oil from sticking to the detecting plate when the sewing machine pulley is removed for adjustment.
If they have stuck, wipe them off with soft cloth carefully so that the surface is not scratched, do not let oil permeate the clearance on the detecting plate.
2. In case of disconnection of the position detector connector, running off the belt or complete constraint and over load, the motor is automatically turned off after predetermined time to prevent burning of the motor. (However, in case of half-constraint and over load, the power may not be turned off.) After the failure is eliminated, the normal operation is resumed by turning off the power once then turning on again.
The same operation occurs for the detector malfunction or the line breakage.

9 Installation of the belt cover

1. Install the belt cover on the machine side for safety. Refer to the provided instruction document contained in the same package.
2. Install the belt cover on the motor side for safety.

10 Precaution on operation

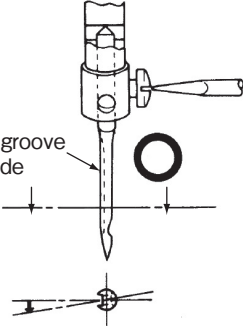
- (1) When the power is turned on or off, keep foot away from the pedal.
- (2) It should be noted that the brake may not work when the power is interrupted or power failure occurs during sewing machine operation.
- (3) Since dust in the control box might cause malfunction or control troubles, be sure to keep the control box cover close during operation.
- (4) Do not apply a multimeter to the control circuit for checking, otherwise voltage of multimeter might damage semiconductor components in the circuit.

HOW TO USE

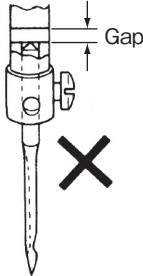
1 Installation of the needle

Note: Before installing the needles, be sure to turn off the power.

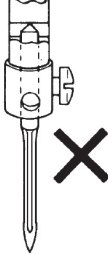
Insert the needle upto the bottom of needle clamp and tighten the screw keeping the long groove side facing to the left.



Insufficient insertion

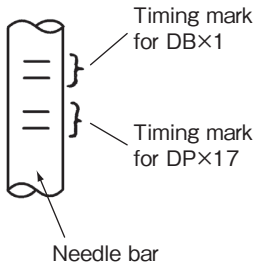


Needle distorted



Note : If thread snapping occurs during reverse sewing with polyester threads, it may be avoided by fitting the needle with the long groove shifted to the front side. Normally, avoid fitting the needle with the groove facing backward.

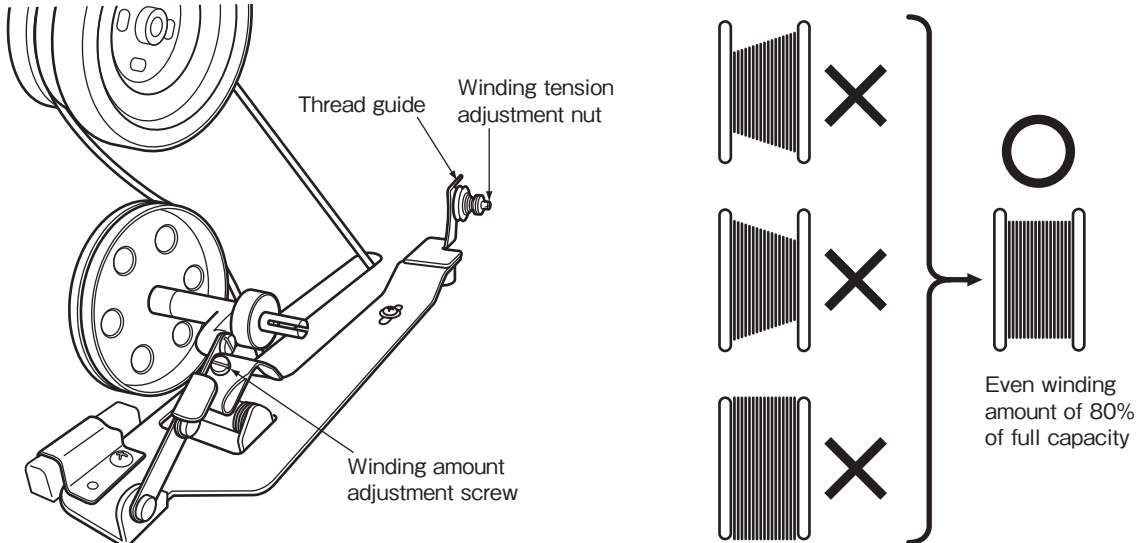
Both needles DP × 17 and DB × 1 can be used. Use the timing marks as shown in the figure.



2 Winding of the bobbin thread

Note: When bobbin thread is wound, keep the presser foot lifted.

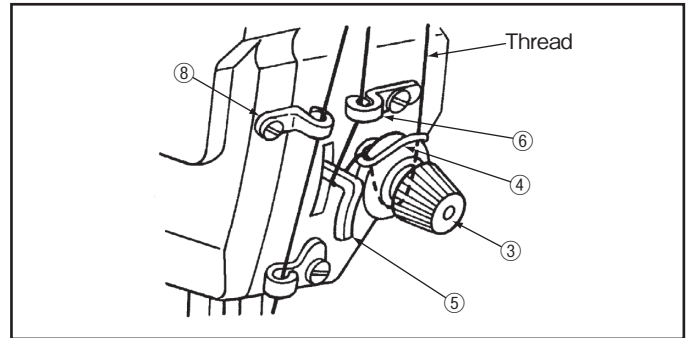
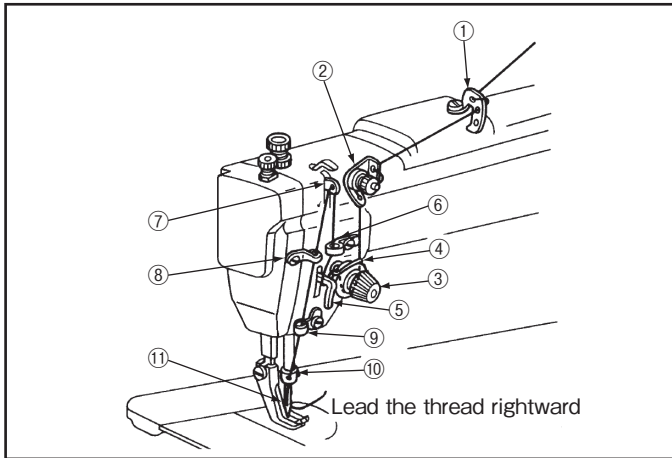
- Adjustment**
- **Tension of wound thread** Slack winding is recommended for polyester thread and nylon thread.
 - **Conically wound thread** Move the thread guide toward smaller diameter of wound thread layer.
 - **Amount of wound thread** Loosen the winding amount adjustment screw to decrease thread winding amount and tighten the screw to increase thread winding amount.



HOW TO USE

3 Threading of the needle thread

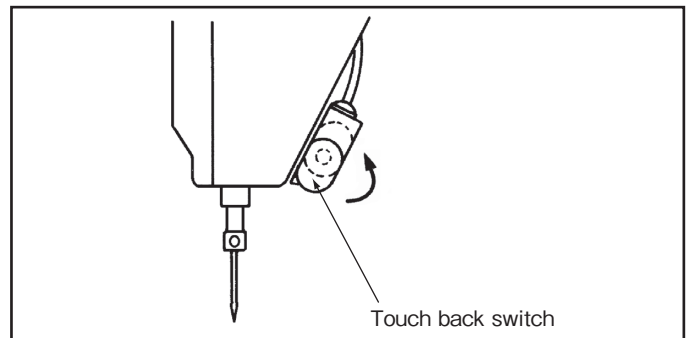
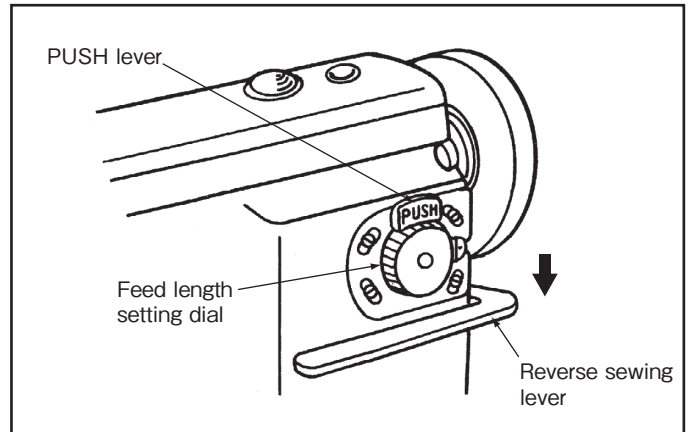
With the thread take-up lever located at the upper most position, pass the needle thread in the order shown in the following figure.



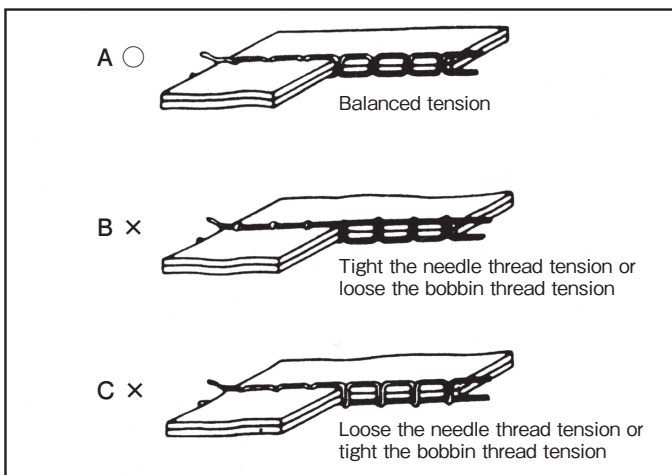
4 Adjustment of feed (stitch) length and backstitch

- Adjustment of feed (stitch) length... Adjust feed length by turning the feed length setting dial while pushing PUSH lever.
- Backstitch... Direction of stitching can be reversed by depressing the reverse sewing lever or pushing the touch back switch.
- Touch back switch... In the case that the switch is turned to the arrow direction by 180°, no backward stitching occurs even when the switch is pushed.

Use this function to avoid the malfunction such as unnecessary reverse stitching in the case that the fabric comes in contact with the switch during sewing.



5 Balance of threads tension

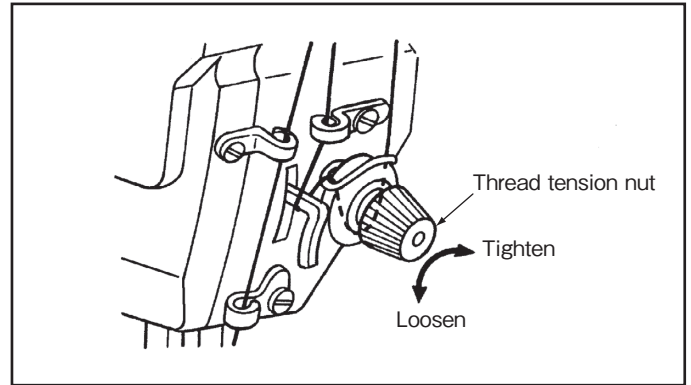


HOW TO USE

6 Adjustment of the needle thread tension

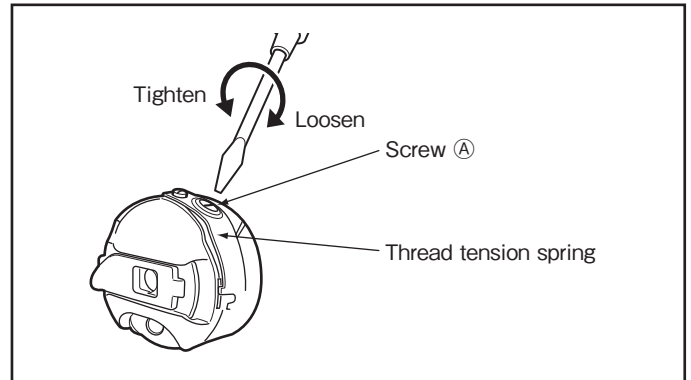
- The needle thread tension should be adjusted on the basis of the bobbin thread tension.
- Adjust the needle thread tension by turning the thread tension nut.

The needle thread tension can be also adjusted by changing intensity and movable range of the thread take-up spring in case of sewing the special fabric and thread.



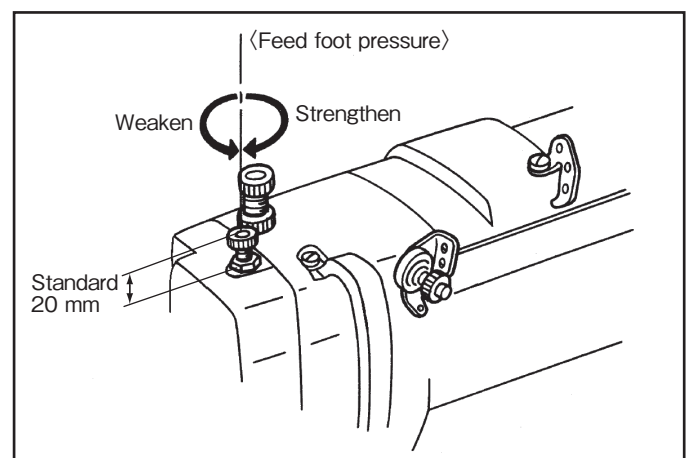
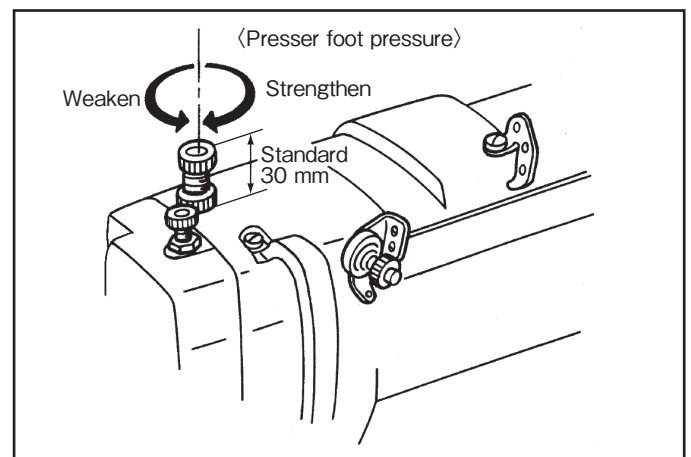
7 Adjustment of the bobbin thread tension

1. The bobbin thread tension can be adjusted by turning the screw ①.



8 Adjustment of the presser foot pressure

1. Adjust the presser foot pressure according to the fabric by turning the pressure adjusting screw.
2. Pressure on the both the presser foot and the feed foot can be adjusted. (The adjusting screw position is factory-adjusted as shown in the figure.)
3. Sewing pressure should be adjusted to the minimum required strength.

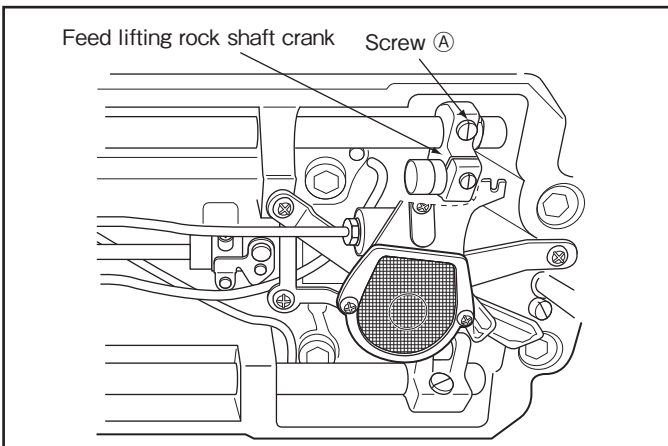
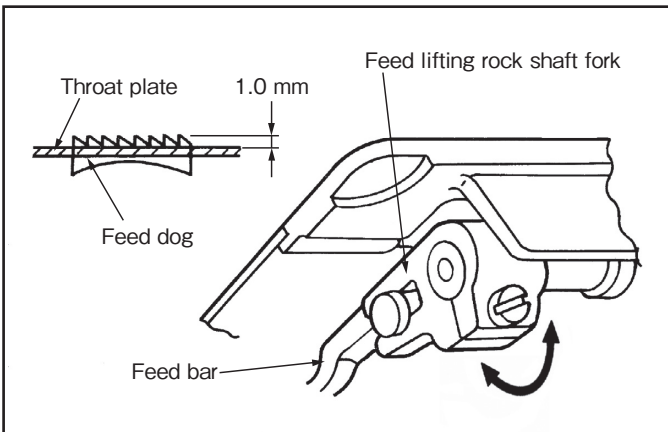


HOW TO USE

9 Adjustment of the feed dog height

1. Turn the pulley and stop it at the position where the feed lifting rock shaft crank swings to the innermost position.
2. Loosen the screw (A).
Note: Be careful not to move the feed lifting rock shaft crank in the lateral direction.
3. Adjust the feed dog height by swinging the feed lifting rock shaft fork and moving the feed bar.
4. After adjusting, fully tighten the screw (A).

The feed dog height is factory-adjusted to 1.0 mm.

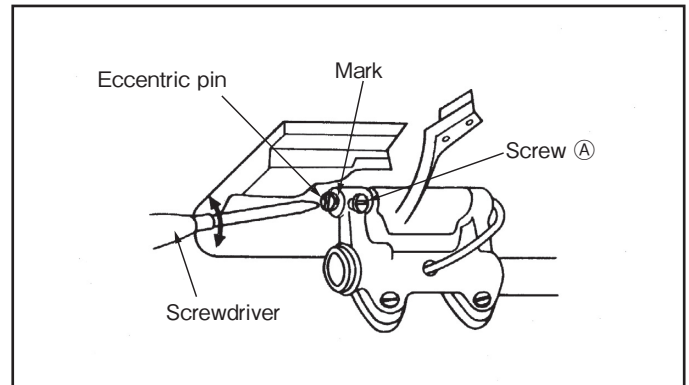


10 Adjustment of the feed dog inclination

The feed dog has been set to standard (horizontally). If necessary, adjust the inclination according to the material to be sewn as follows.

1. Slightly loosen screw (A).
2. While pressing the groove located in the eccentric pin by using a screwdriver, turn the eccentric pin clockwise (to lower the front end) or counterclockwise (to lift the front end).

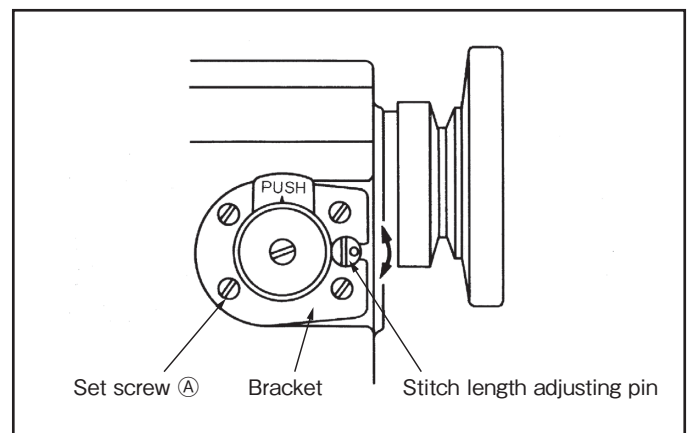
3. After adjusting, tighten the screw (A).



Position of mark on the eccentric pin	Feed dog
Horizontal	Standard
Right above	Front up (MAX.)
Right below	Front down (MAX.)

11 Adjustment of forward/backward stitch length

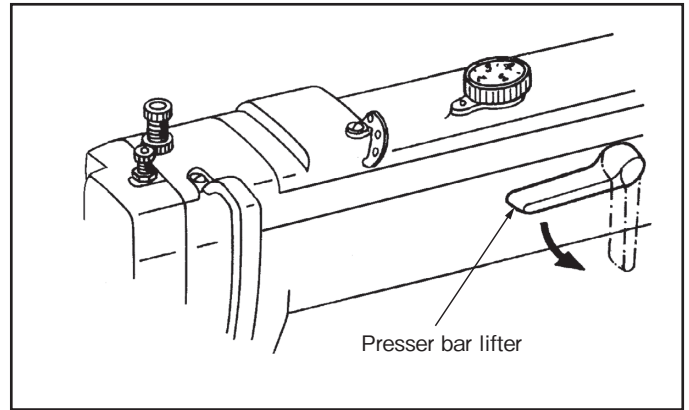
1. Loosen four set screws (A).
2. Turn the stitch length adjusting pin until the desired length is reached as follows:
 - (1) Clockwise: Increases the stitch length in forward sewing, and decreases the stitch length in back sewing.
 - (2) Counterclockwise: Decreases the stitch length in forward sewing, and increases the stitch length in back sewing.



HOW TO USE

12 Manual Presser bar lifter

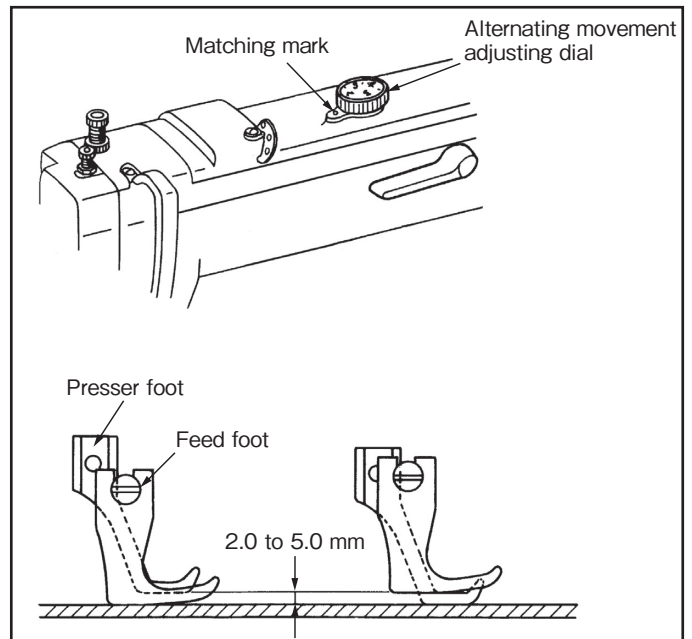
1. Turn the presser bar lifter in the direction of the arrow. This raises the presser foot.



13 Adjustment of the feed foot and the presser foot

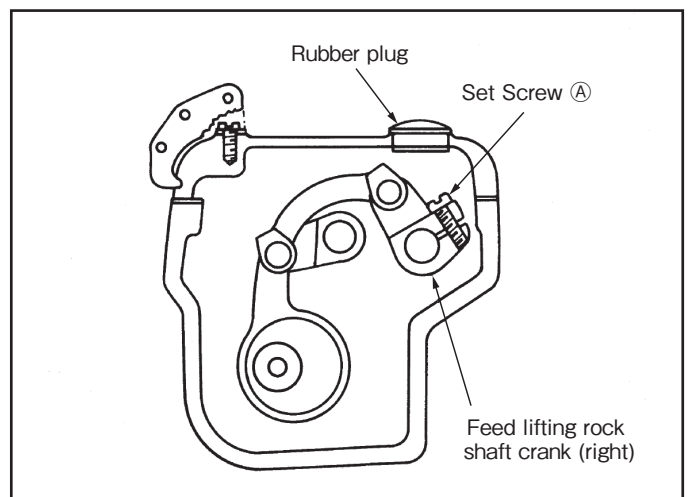
1. Adjustment of alternating movement

- (1) The alternating movement on the feed foot and the presser foot can be adjusted by using the adjusting dial located on the top cover.
- (2) Face the desired number printed on the dial to the matching mark located on the top cover.
- (3) The number printed on the dial represents the possible protrusion of the feed foot and presser foot from the throat plate when the alternating movements on these are evenly set.
- (4) If the alternating movements are evenly set, they can be readjusted up to 2.0 to 5.0 mm.



2. To change the balance of the alternating movements between the feed foot and presser foot

- (1) For example, to increase the rise of the feed foot, and decrease the rise of the presser foot.
 - ① Remove the rubber plug located on the top cover.
 - ② Turn the pulley until the presser foot is slightly raised from the throat plate.
 - ③ Loosen the set screw (A) (on the right side) located on the feed lifting rock shaft crank (right).
 - ④ The built-in spring pulls down the presser foot until it makes contact with the throat plate. Then, tighten the set screw (A).
 - ⑤ This completes the adjustment, i.e., the protrusion of the presser foot has been decreased by a set distance. And, the vertical motion of the feed foot has been increased by that same distance.
- (2) As a contrary case (1), to decrease the rise of the feed foot, and increase the rise of the presser foot.



First, turn the pulley until the feed foot is slightly raised from the throat plate. Next, loosen the screw (A). Finally, tighten the screw (A) again.

This decreases the rise of the feed foot.

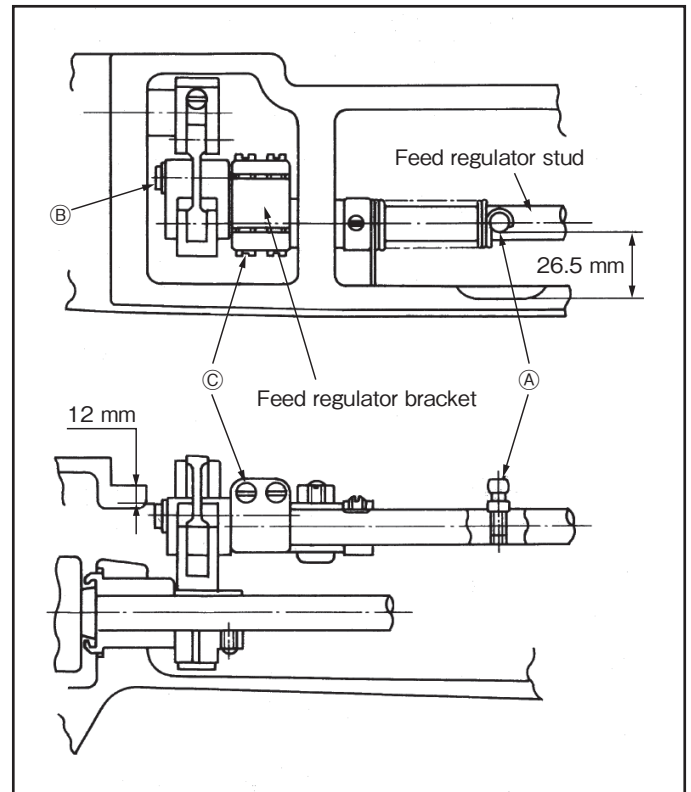
HOW TO USE

3. Installing the feed regulator bracket

Should it be necessary to dismount and the feed regulator bracket and its related parts, use the procedure explained below.

Note: If the feed regulator bracket is poorly positioned, the resultant alternating movements may be too short or long, causing defective machine operation.

- (1) Set the clearance between special screw **(A)** located on the regulator stud and the side wall of the machine arm to 26.5 mm as illustrated to the left. (Use a 26.5 mm spacer between these parts. This facilitates the operation.)
- (2) With the feed regulator stud held as explained in step (1) above, adjust the feed regulator bracket. This adjustment should insure a clearance of 12 mm between the periphery of pin **(B)** located on the feed regulator bracket and the top cover mounting face located on the arm. Tighten screws **(C)**.

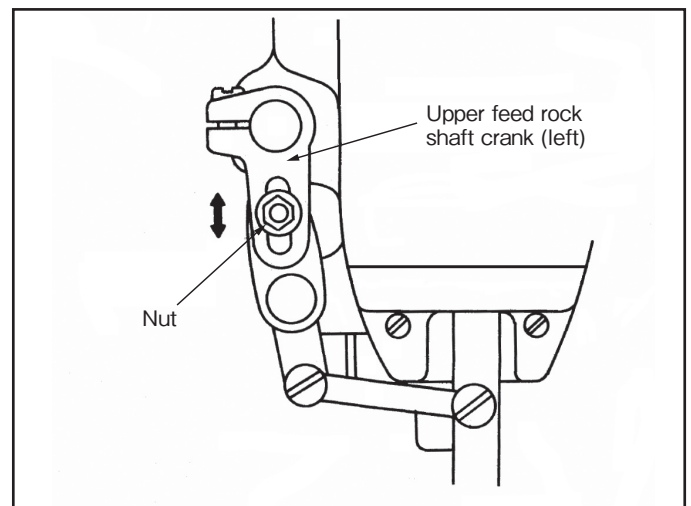


4. Feed pitch adjustment of feed foot

The ratio of the upper feed amount (of the feed foot) to the lower feed amount (of the feed dog) has been adjusted to 1:1. However, the feed foot feeding amount can be increased or decreased depending on the operating conditions.

- (1) Loosen the nut located on the upper feed rock shaft crank (left), and shift to adjust the position of the square block upward or downward.

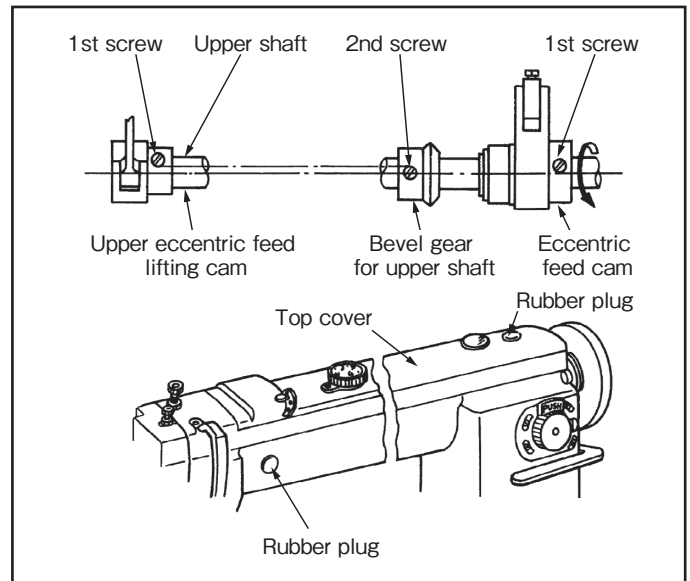
Upper position: Feed pitch → Small
Lower position: Feed pitch → Large



HOW TO USE

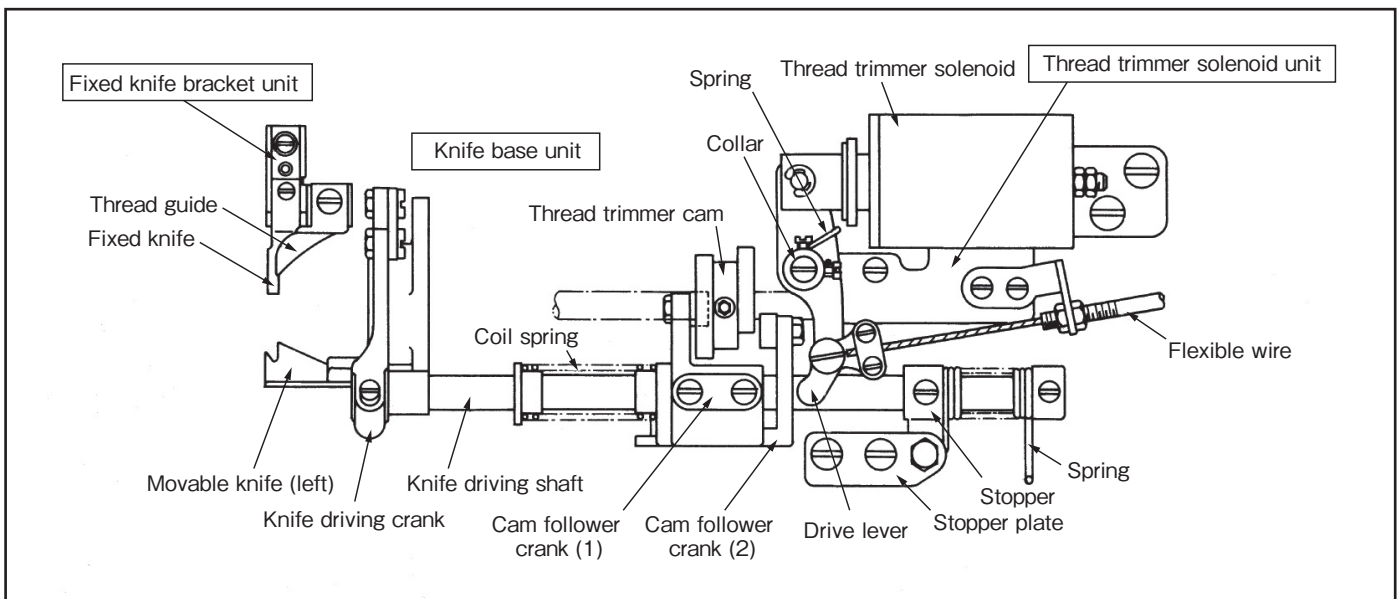
14 Adjustment of the feed timing

1. The standard position of the eccentric feed cam and eccentric feed lifting cam are illustrated to the right.
2. To adjust the position, first open the top cover. Properly slide the eccentric cam.
3. The eccentric feed cam can also be adjusted by removing the rubber plug located on the top cover, and the upper eccentric feed lifting cam can also be adjusted by removing the rubber plug located on the arm.
In the latter case, however, the built-in bevel gear is concealed; care should be taken when adjusting.



15 Adjustment of the thread trimmer device

1. Configuration of the thread trimmer device



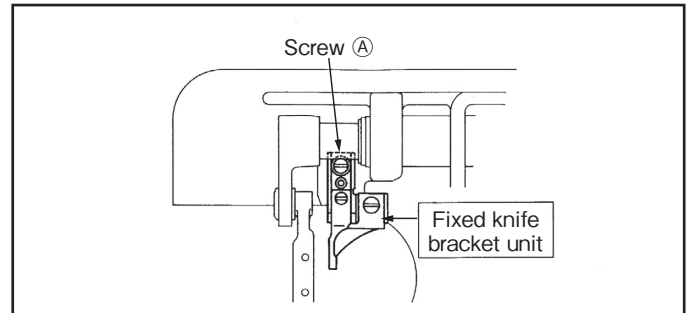
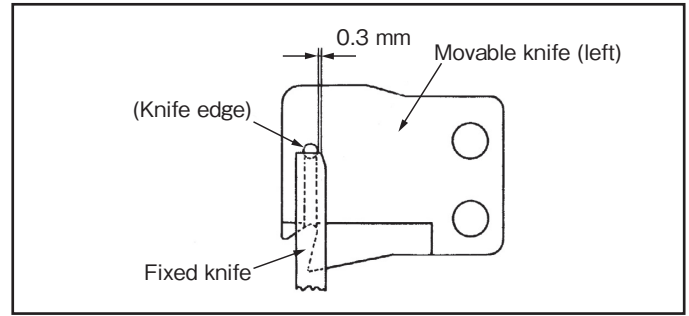
2. Precautions for adjustment

The LY2-3750 uses a thread trimmer drive system with a lower shaft cam. So if you turn the machine by one revolution with the thread trimmer solenoid activated (i.e., with the roller located on the cam follower crank (2) kept engaged with the thread trimmer cam), the movable knife (left) will make contact with the needle, breaking the contacting parts.
Activate the built-in solenoid only when the normal thread trimming cycle is active (lower position → upper position).

HOW TO USE

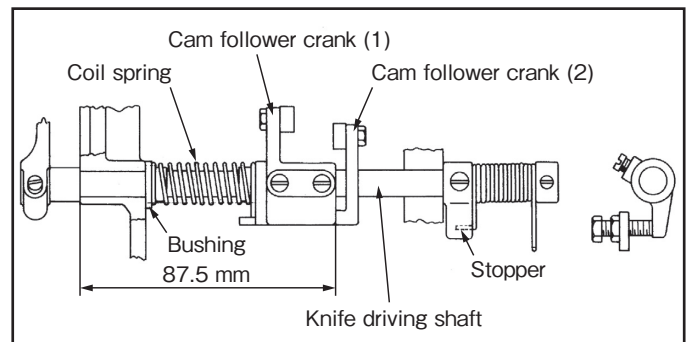
3. Relationship between the fixed knife and the movable knife (left) edge

- (1) The standard position is illustrated to the right.
- (2) If the distance (0.3 mm) is too wide, such a situation may allow for “triple” thread breakage to occur, resulting in detached needle thread after threads are cut. Also, if it is too narrow, such a situation may lead to unexpectedly uncut threads. Please keep this in mind.
- (3) The adjustment necessary in step (2) can be done by correctly installing the fixed knife bracket unit or correctly mounting the fixed knife.
- (4) The fixed knife bracket unit has been installed using screw ① with the bobbin case holder position bracket removed (See Fig. to the right).



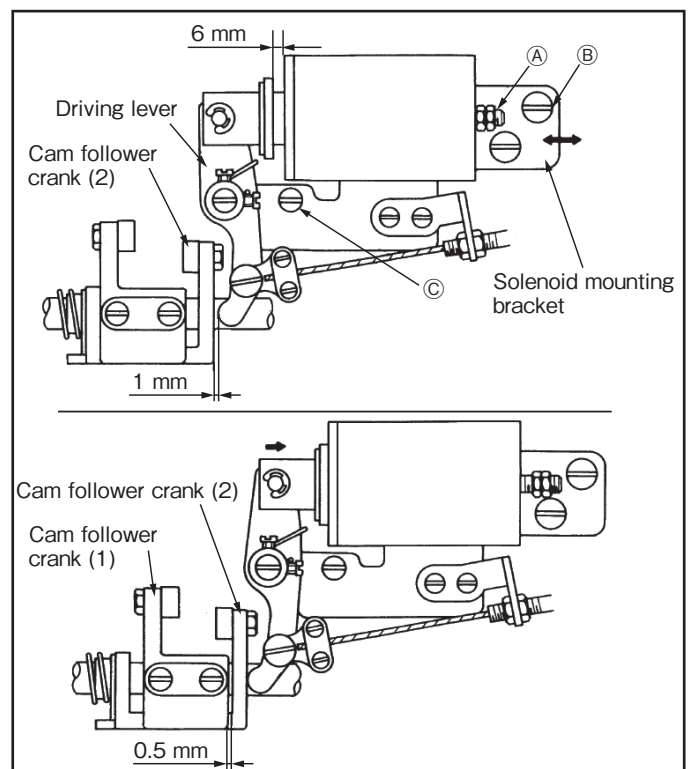
4. Knife driving shaft

- (1) The standard position is illustrated to the right.
- (2) When assembling, the knife driving shaft must first be put through the knife driving crank.
- (3) The cam follower crank (1) must be positioned as illustrated to the right, and set to the flat on the knife driving shaft.
- (4) The stopper must be set to the flat on the knife driving shaft in such a way that the knife driving shaft is snug and smoothly turns in the shaft direction.



5. Installing the thread trimmer solenoid unit

- (1) Operation stroke of the thread trimmer solenoid
 - ① Standard operation stroke is 6 mm.
 - ② This stroke can be adjusted by using nut ①.
- (2) Installing the unit
 - ① The unit can be mounted by using screws ② and ③.
 - ② Clearance of 1 mm must be insured between the driving lever and cam follower crank (2) with stopper nut ① made contact with the solenoid.
 - ③ In such a situation, activating the solenoid should create a clearance of 0.5 mm between cam follower crank (1) and (2). This situation is standard. To meet this standard, slide the solenoid mounting bracket in the direction of the arrow as illustrated, if adjustment is needed.

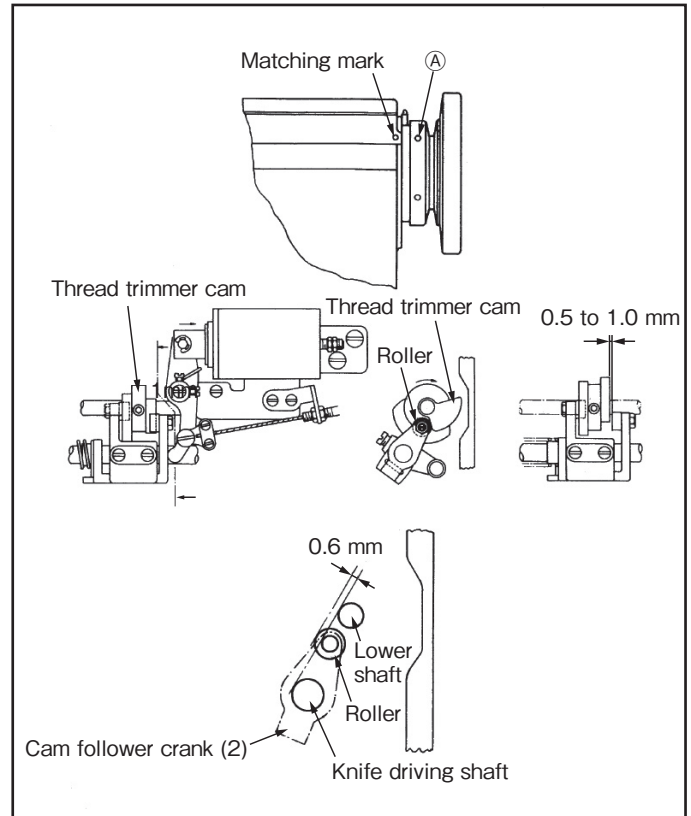


HOW TO USE

6. Installing the thread trimmer cam

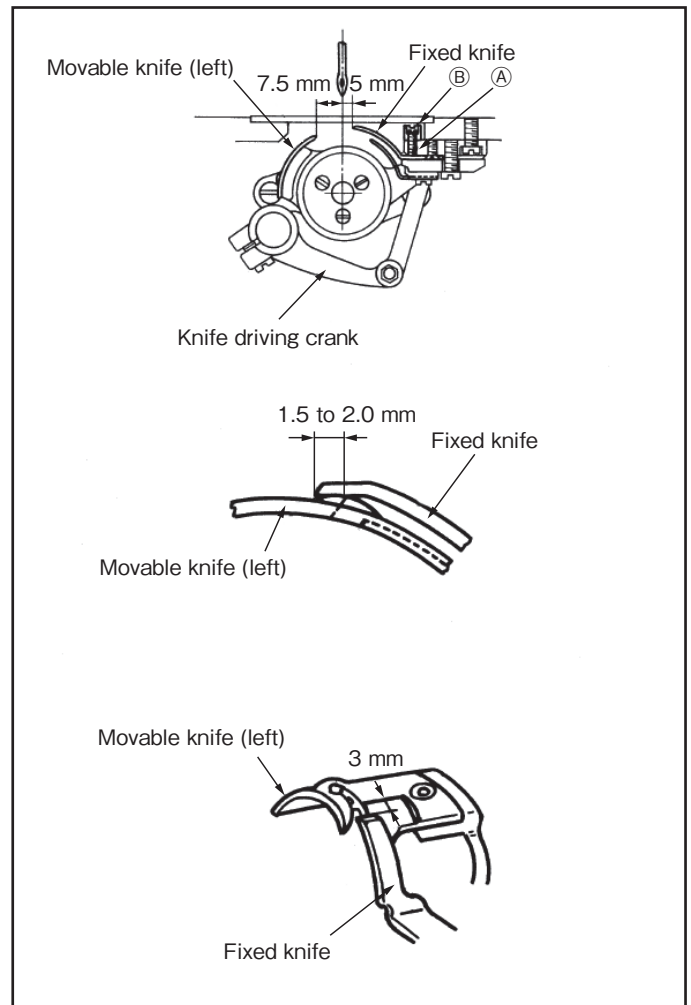
- (1) Face the 2nd timing mark **(A)** (Green) located on the pulley to the matching mark on the arm.
- (2) With the thread trimmer solenoid activated, turn the thread trimmer cam forward until the cam makes contact with the roller. Then, set the cam.
- (3) With the thread trimmer solenoid deactivated, allow the cam follower crank (2) to return to its original position. This should create a clearance of 0.5 to 1.0 mm between the cam and roller end. This distance is standard.

Note: The standard position of cam follower crank (2) before activation is illustrated to the right. If this position has been changed due to removal of stopper plate, etc., first perform the specified adjustment by using the adjusting bolt located on the stopper plate before adjusting as above steps (1) to (3).



7. Adjustment of knives engagement

- (1) Position of movable knife (left) and fixed knife
 - ① See the illustration. The standard distances from the needle center are 7.5 mm and 5 mm from the movable knife (left) and fixed knife respectively.
- (2) Adjustment of knives engaging amount
 - ① With the solenoid activated, turn on the machine. This turns the thread trimmer cam which turns the movable knife (left). When the movable knife (left) has moved to its farthest distance, the standard engaging amount of knives is 1.5 to 2.0 mm.
 - ② The engaging amount can be adjusted by properly mounting the driving crank.
- (3) Adjustment of knives engaging pressure
 - ① See the illustration. In such a situation, the movable knife (left) and the fixed knife should first make contact with each other. This situation is standard.
 - ② If a thread is poorly cut, particularly when it is thick, slightly increase the engaging pressure. This should solve the problem.
 - ③ The engaging pressure can be adjusted in this way: Loosen lock nut **(B)** (See Fig.), and adjust it by using adjusting screw **(A)**.

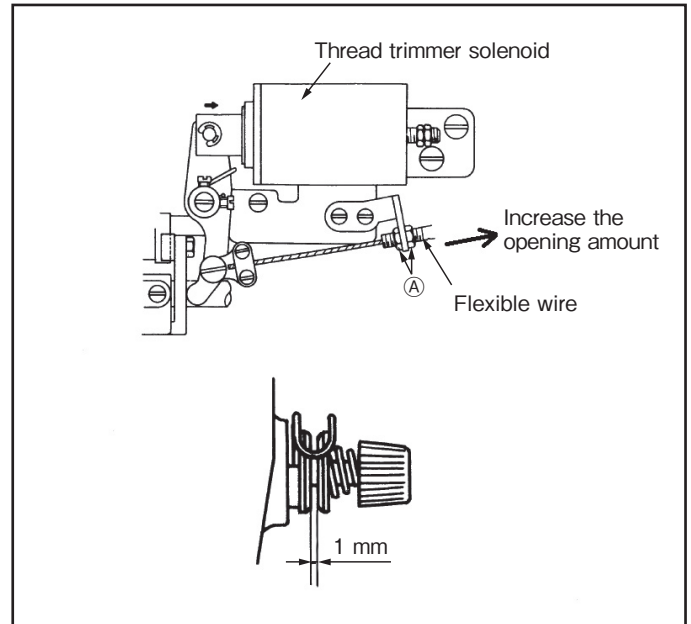


HOW TO USE

8. Adjustment of the needle thread tension release

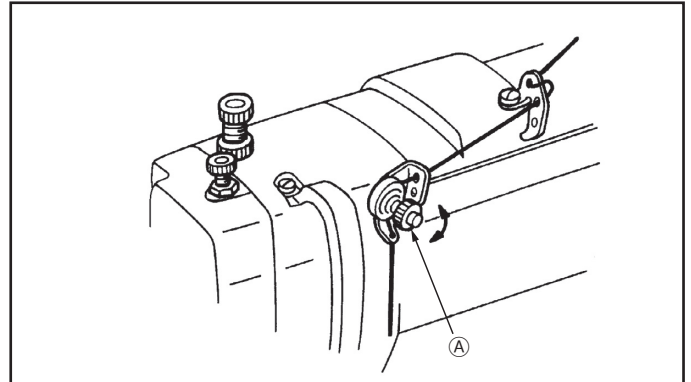
- (1) With the thread trimmer solenoid activated, adjustment should be such that the thread tension discs located on the needle thread tension regulator are separated from each other by about 1 mm.
- (2) Adjustment can be done in this way:
Loosen nut ① and properly move the flexible wire.
- (3) Move the flexible wire to the right to increase the opening amount.

Note: If the thread tension discs are too narrowly, the needle thread may be liable to be broken, resulting in detached needle thread. Also, if the space between the discs is too wide, the excessive blank space between the discs may result in loose stitches.



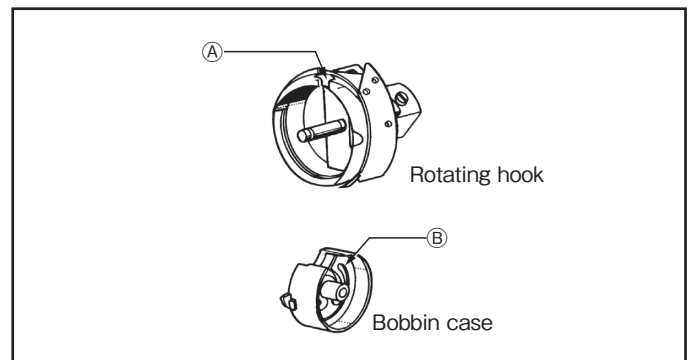
9. Adjustment of the needle thread remaining length

- (1) The length of remaining thread can be adjusted by turning tension regulating nut ① as follows:
Clockwise → Short in length
Counterclockwise → Long in length



16 The rotating hook, bobbin case, and bobbin

1. Use a special bobbin for machines with thread trimmers whose rotating hook has bobbin thread guide slit ①.
2. Also, use a bobbin case whose bottom has spring ② a capable of preventing racing.
3. The bobbin provided in the package can be used.

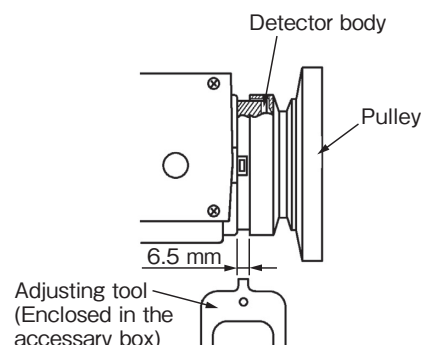


17 Adjustment of the gap between the pulley and the machine head

The detector's reflection plate is installed on the inner side of the pulley.

So a correct distance must be kept with the detector body.

The gap between the pulley and the machine head must be 6.5 mm.



SPECIFICATIONS

LY2-3750-B1T Specifications

Model		LY2-3750-B1T
Specifications		
Application		Heavy material
Max. sewing speed (rpm)		2,000
Stitch length (mm)		0 to 8
Needle bar stroke (mm)		38.0
Thread take-up lever stroke (mm)		73.0
Alternating movement (mm)		2.0 to 5.0 (feed foot)
Alternating movement changing system		Dial (One-touch)
Feed dog height (mm)		1.0
Presser foot stroke (mm)	Hand	6.0
	Knee	16.0
Needle		DP × 17 #22 (DB × 1 #22)
Hook (vertical rotating hook)		Large
Bobbin case		With racing prevention spring
Bobbin		Made of steel for thread trimmer
Lubrication system		Automatic lubrication
Thread trimmer		Rotary trimming by left movable knife and right fixed knife
Touch back		○
Bed dimensions (mm)		517 × 178

Note: ●The bobbin should be of high quality free from deformation.

●Some materials and/or sewing conditions may require specifications other than those listed above.

●These specifications are subject to change for machine improvement.

JUKI CORPORATION

Printed in Japan