

LOCKSTITCH COMPOUND-FEED AUTOMATIC UNDERTRIMMER INDUSTRIAL SEWING MACHINES

MODEL

# LU2-4410-B1T-CS LU2-4430-B1T

(Single-Needle)

(Double-Needle)

**INSTRUCTION MANUAL** 

A181E099P01

#### INTRODUCTION

Thank you very much for purchasing industrial sewing machine.

Please read this instruction manual before operating the sewing machine. Please read also "Safety Manual", "Instruction manual for LIMISERVO" and operate the sewing machine correctly and safely.

## PRECAUTION BEFORE STARTING OPERATION

- 1 Safety Precautions
  - 1. When turning the power on, keep your hands and fingers away from the area around/ under the needle and the area around the pulley.
  - 2. The power must be turned off when the machine is not used, or when the operator leaves his/her seat.
  - 3. The power must be turned off before tilting the machine head, installing or removing the "V" belt, adjusting the machine, or replacing parts.
  - 4. Avoid placing fingers, hairs, obstacles, etc. near the pulley, "V" belt, bobbin winder wheel, or motor when the machine is in operation. Injury could result.
  - 5. Don't put fingers into the thread take-up lever cover, around/under the needle, or pulley when the machine is in operation.
  - 6. If the belt cover, the finger guard, and/or the eye guard are installed, don't operate the machine without these safety devices.

#### 2 Precaution before Starting Operation

- 1. If the machine's oil pan has an oil sump, never operate the machine without filling oil in it.
- 2. If the machine is lubricated by a drop oiler, never operate the machine without lubricating.
- 3. When a new sewing machine is operated, verify the rotational direction of the pulley with the power on.

(The pulley should rotate counterclockwise when viewed from the pulley.)

4. Verify voltage and (single or three) phase indicated on the nameplate of the motor.

#### 3 Precaution for Operating Conditions

- 1. Avoid using the machine at abnormally high temperature (35 $^{\circ}$ C or higher) or low temperature (5 $^{\circ}$ C or lower). Otherwise, machine failure may result.
- 2. Avoid using the machine in dusty conditions.
- 3. Avoid using the machine in conditions filled with a lot of electric noises such as high-frequency welders.

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# PREPARATION FOR OPERATION

## 1 Adjustment of the needle stopping position

#### 1. Adjustment of "UP" position

When the pedal is kicked down by heel, the machine stops at "UP" position.

If marks deviate larger than 3mm, adjust as follows.

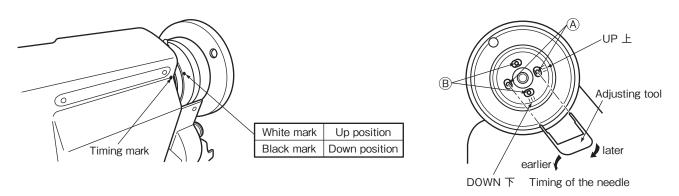
- (1) Disconnect the plug (12pins) of cable from the machine head.
- (2) Run the machine and stop at "UP" position.
- (3) While holding the pulley, insert the "Adjusting tool" in the hole  $\triangle$ , then turn the tool.

#### 2. Adjustment of "Down" position

When the pedal is "Neutral" the machine stops at "Down" position.

If marks deviate large than 5mm, adjust as follows.

- (1) Disconnect the plug (12pins) of cable from the machine head.
- (2) Run the machine and stop at "Down" position.
- (3) While holding the pulley, insert the "Adjusting tool" in the hole B, then turn the tool.
- **3**. Confirm the stop operation, then set the plug (12pins) coming from the machine head into the receptacle.



# **USAGE PRECAUTION**

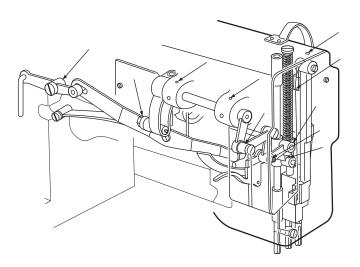
## 1 Lubrication (1)

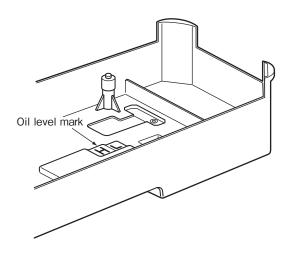
Fill the oil reservoir with oil up to "H" mark. Oil level should be periodically checked. If oil level is found below "L" level replenish oil to "H" level. For oil, use "MC70M" specified by our company. ※ Refer

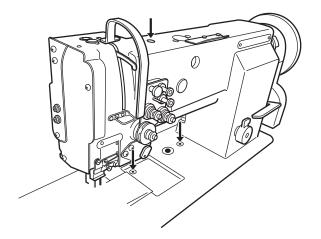
MC70M : Specific gravity (15°C ) = 0.86 (g/cm<sup>3</sup>) : Viscosity (40°C ) = 10.9 (mm<sup>2</sup>/s)

## 2 Lubrication (2)

When a new sewing machine is used for the first time, or sewing machine left out of use for considerably long time is used again, replenish a suitable amount of oil to the portions indicated by arrows in the below figure.







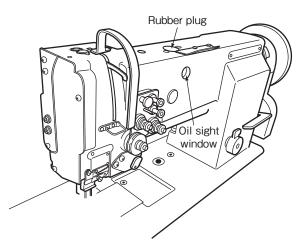
# **USAGE PRECAUTION**

## 3 Lubrication condition

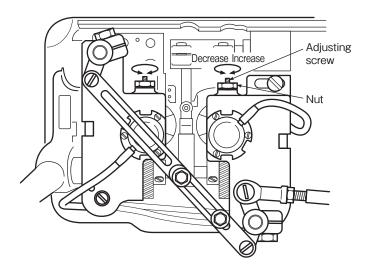
See dripping of oil through the oil sight window to check oiling condition during operation.

Confirm that oil has been drained from the oil tank when the operation is stopped.

When dust, etc. accumulate in the oil tank, remove the rubber plug to clean.



# 4 Adjustment of lubrication to the rotating hook



## 5 Precaution for the built-in type detector

- Since the optical type detecting element is used in the detector, prevent dust or oil from sticking to the detecting plate when the sewing machine pulley is removed for adjustment. If they have stuck, wipe them off with soft cloth carefully so that the surface is not scratched, do not let oil permeate the clearance on the detecting plate.
- 2. In case of disconnection of the position detector connector, running off the belt or complete constraint and over load, the motor is automatically turned off after predetermined time to prevent burning of the motor. (However, in case of half-constraint and over load, the power may not be turned off.) After the failure is eliminated, the normal operation is resumed by turning off the power once then turning on again.

The same operation occurs for the detector malfunction or the line breakage.

## 6 Installation of the belt cover

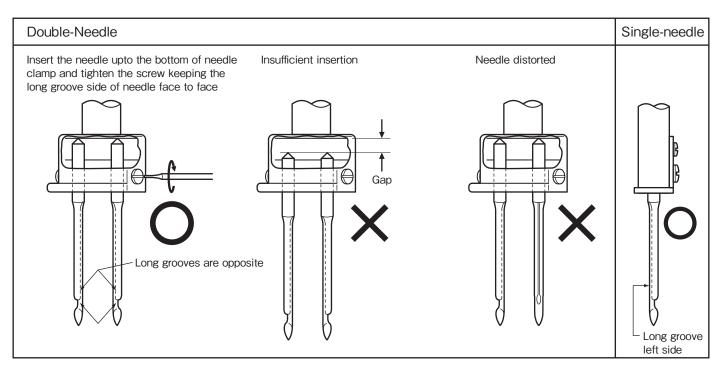
- 1. Install the belt cover on the machine side for safety. Refer to the provided instruction document contained in the same package.
- $2\,.\,$  Install the belt cover on the motor side for safety.

## 7 Precaution on operation

- (1) When the power is turned on or off, keep foot away from the pedal.
- (2) It should be noted that the brake may not work when the power is interrupted or power failure occurs during sewing machine operation.
- (3) Since dust in the control box might cause malfunction or control troubles, be sure to keep the control box cover close during operation.
- (4) Do not apply a multimeter to the control circuit for checking, otherwise voltage of multimeter might damage semiconductor components in the circuit.

## 1 Installation of needles

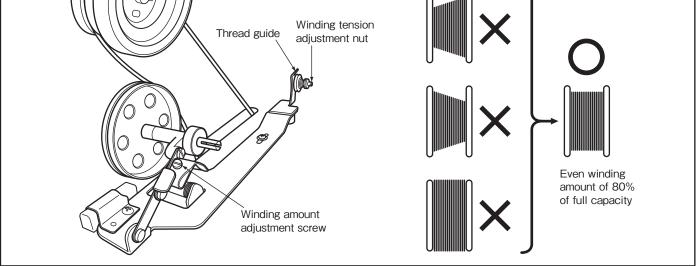
Note: Before installing the needles, be sure to turn off the power.



## 2 Winding of the bobbin thread

#### Note: When bobbin thread is wound, keep the presser foot lifted.

Adjustment	Tension of wound thread	Slack winding is recommended for polyester thread and nylon thread.
	Conically wound thread	Move the thread guide toward smaller diameter of wound
		thread layer.
	Amount of wound thread	Loosen the winding amount adjustment screw to decrease
		thread winding amount and tighten the screw to increase
		thread winding amount.
	(((0))))))	



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## 3 Selection of the thread

It is recommended to use "S" twist thread in the left needle (viewed from front), and "Z" twist thread in the right needle.

When discriminate use of needle threads is impossible, use "Z" twist thread in both the needles.

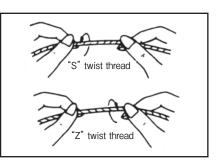
For bobbin thread, "S" twist thread as well as "Z" twist thread can be used.

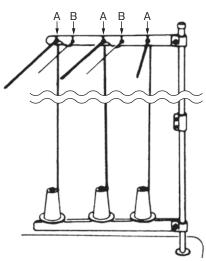
## 4 Threading of needle threads

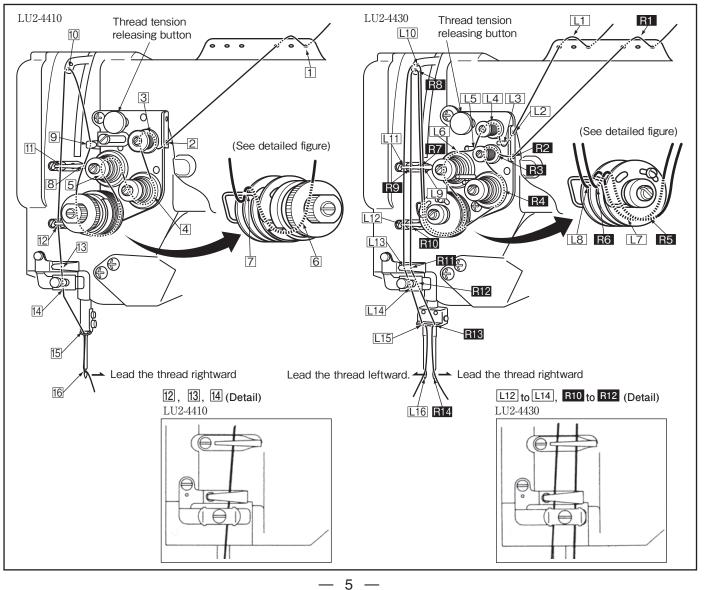
 Pass each needle thread through thread guide (A). Note: When thin slippery thread (polyester thread or filament thread, etc.) is used,

Pass the thread through thread guide (B) as well.

2. With the thread take-up lever located at the upper most position, pass each needle thread in the order shown in the following figure. Note: Pushing the needle thread tension releasing button shown in the figure below opens the saucer of the needle thread tension adjuster, and the needle thread can easily pulled out.



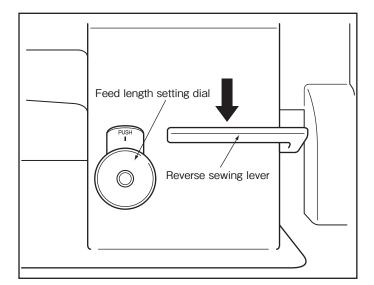


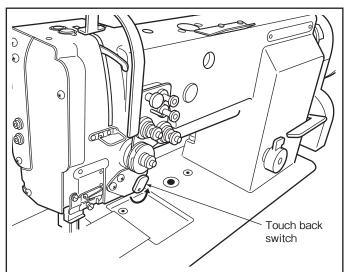


### 5 Adjustment of feed (stitch) length and backstitch

- Adjustment of feed (stitch) length…Adjust feed length by turning the feed length setting dial while pushing PUSH lever.
- Backstitch…Direction of stitching can be reversed by depressing the reverse sewing lever or pushing the touch back switch.
- •Touch back switch…In the case that the switch is turned to the arrow direction by 180°, no backward stitching occurs even when the switch is pushed.

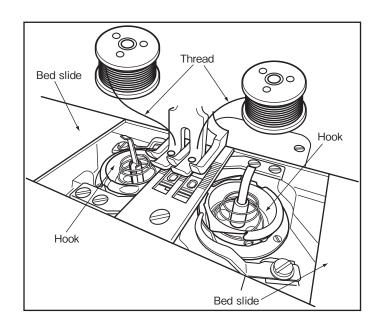
Use this function to avoid the malfunction such as unnecessary reverse stitching in the case that the fabric comes in contact with the switch during sewing.





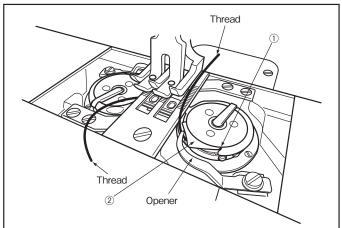
### 6 Setting of bobbins

- (1) Pull out 5cm thread tail from bobbins.
- (2) Put bobbins into hooks in the direction as the following figure.

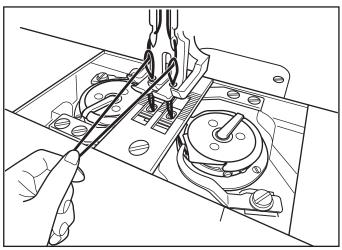


### 7 Threading of bobbin threads

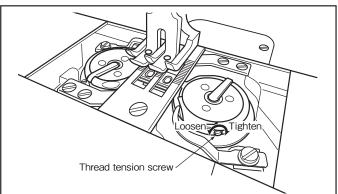
 Put bobbin thread into the slit ①, pass under the lug ② and extend it above the bed.



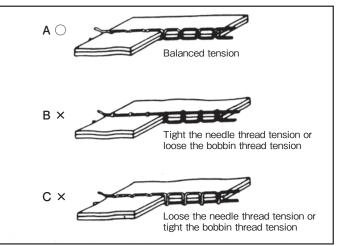
(2) While holding two needle threads with your left hand, turn the pulley one rotation with your right hand. The bobbin threads will come up when needle threads are lifted up as shown in the figure. Needle threads and bobbin threads should be aligned and led backward together.



### 8 Adjustment of bobbin threads tension



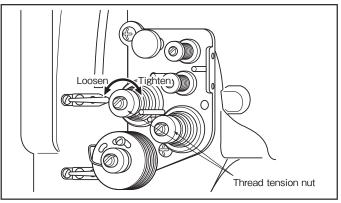
9 Balance of threads tension



#### 10 Adjustment of needle threads tension

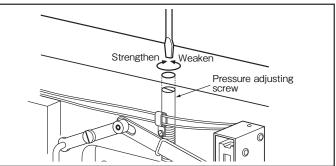
- •Needle threads tension should be adjusted on the basis of bobbin threads tension.
- •Adjust needle threads tension by turning thread tension nuts.

Needle threads tension can be also adjusted by changing intensity and movable range of the thread take-up spring in case of sewing the special fabric and thread.



### 11 Adjustment of the presser foot pressure

Adjust the presser foot pressure according to the fabric by turning the pressure adjusting screw.



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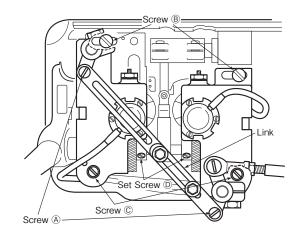
#### 12 Timing between the rotating hook motion and the needle motion

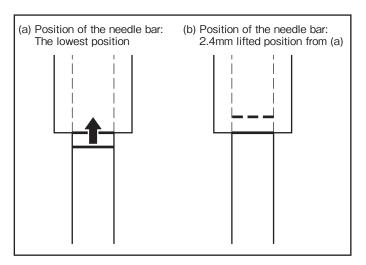
In case of double-needle, adjust right and left timing in the same way at the same time.

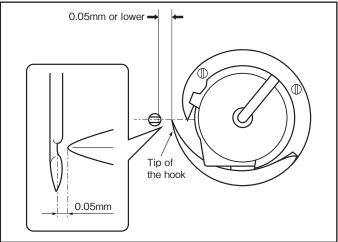
- Note: If you remove the presser foot, the throat plate, and the feed dog, it makes easier to adjust.
- (1) Set feed length to 6mm.
- (2) Loosen two screws A , and remove the link.
- (3) Loosen all screws B, C, D.Note: Be careful not to disengage the large gear and the small gear.
- (4) Lift the needle bar 2.4mm from the lowest position. Refer to timing marks shown in the figure.
- (5) Slide the hook saddle right and left so that the gap between the tip of the hook and the scarf of the needle is 0.05mm or lower.
- (6) Tighten screws B, C.
   Note: Be careful not to overtighten screws C.
- (7) Slide the large gear right and left so that the tip of the hook position is in the center of the needle and tighten screws D.

Note: Check the large gear and the hook saddle isn't in contact and its distance is less than 3mm.

- (8) Move the tip of the hook to the needle side by turning the pulley.
- (9) Install the link with the screws A as before.
- (10) Return the machine head to the original position and adjust the needle guide position so that it come lightly in contact with the needle.







## 13 Adjustment of the feed dog height

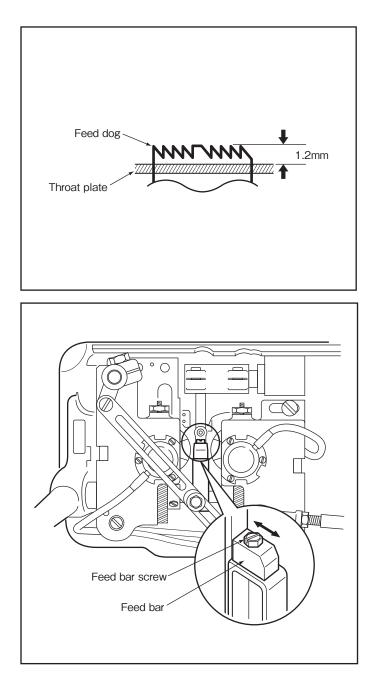
The feed dog height and the presser foot pressure must be adjusted according to the fabric.

- The fabric will be damaged if the feed dog extends too high, or if the presser foot pressure is too large.
- An even stitch length cannot be assured if the feed dog is too low, or if the presser foot pressure is too small.
- The feed dog height is the position where the needle is at the top position.

#### Adjustment of the feed dog height

- (1) Lean the machine head backward.
- (2) Turn the pulley by hand and stop it at the position where the feed dog rises to the maximum height.
- (3) Loosen the feed bar screw.
- (4) Vertically move the feed bar (in the direction indicated by the arrow in the figure) to adjust it to an adequate height.
- (5) After adjusting, tighten the feed bar screw.

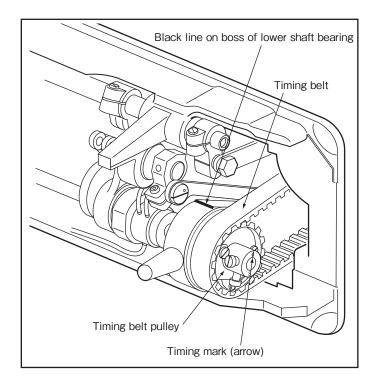
The feed dog height is factory-adjusted to 1.2mm.



#### 14 Relationship between the rotating hook motion and the thread take-up lever motion

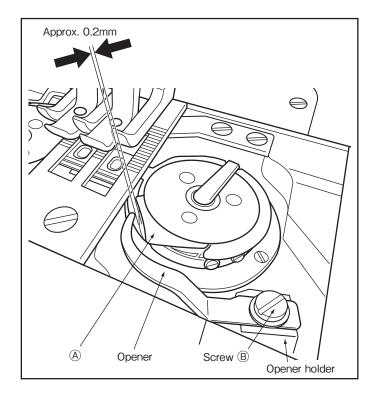
When the timing belt is removed for replacement, etc., the relation between the rotating hook motion and the thread take-up lever motion should be adjusted as follows:

- Turn the pulley and stop when the thread take-up lever is lifted to the highest position.
- (2) Lean the machine head backward and check that the arrow (timing mark) put on the timing belt is aligned with the black line on the boss of lower shaft bearing.
- (3) If the timing mark is not in line with the black line, remove the timing belt and install it again to adjust.



# 15 Relationship between the rotating hook motion and the opener motion

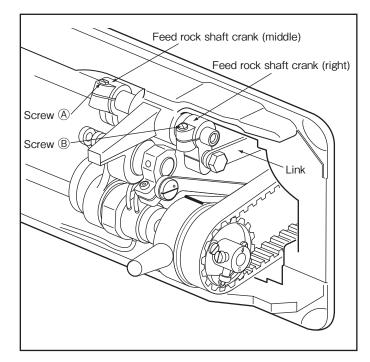
- Turn the pulley by your hand and stop it at the position where the opener holder is located most remotely from the throat plate.
- (2) Check that the gap between the lug (A) and the opener is approximately 0.2mm.
- (3) If the gap is too large or small, loosen the opener holder screw (B) and adjust position of the opener.

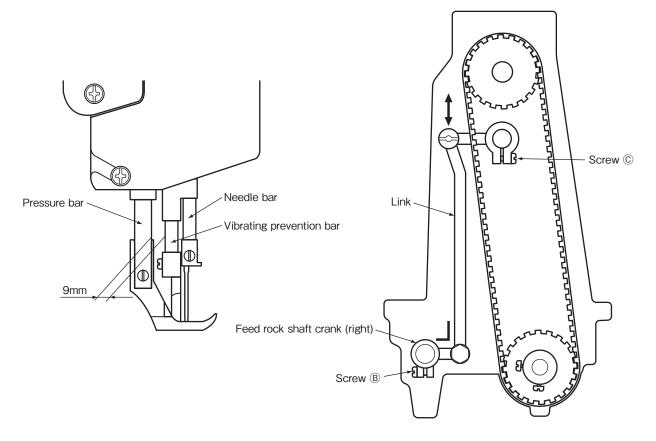


# 16 Relationship between the needle motion and the feed dog motion

- (1) Set the stitch length to "0" on the feed length setting dial.
- (2) Set the needle at the lowest position.
- (3) Lean the machine head backward.
- (4) Loosen the feed rock shaft crank set screws (A, (B).
- (5) Adjust the distance between the pressure bar and the vibrating prevention bar to 9mm and temporary tighten the feed rock shaft crank set screws (A), (B).
- (6) Check that the feed rock shaft crank (right) is connected with the link at a right angle as shown in the figure.
- (7) If the connection is not a right angle, remove the Rear cover, loosen screw <sup>(C)</sup> and move the link to connect the feed rock shaft crank (right) with the link at a right angle.
- (8) After adjusting, fully tighten all screws A, B, C.

At this time, check that the needle enters the hole at center of the feed dog.





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## 17 Safety clutch

•A safety clutch is installed to prevent the hook or timing belt damage if the thread is caught in the hook when the machine is loaded abnormally during operation.

#### 1 ) Function of the safety clutch

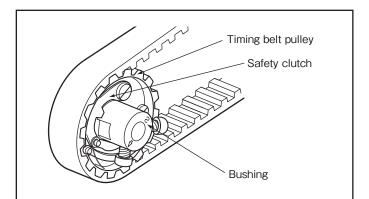
- When the safety clutch functions, the timing belt pulley will be freed, and the lower shaft rotation will stop. The upper shaft only will rotate. Stop the operation of the machine.
- (2) Completely remove the thread, etc. caught in the hook.
- (3) Turn the bushing by hand, and check whether the lower shaft rotates lightly and properly, then install the clutch device as before.

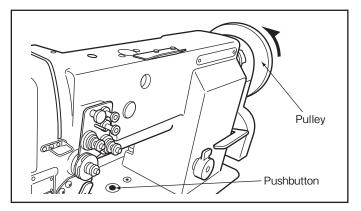
#### 2) How to set safety clutch

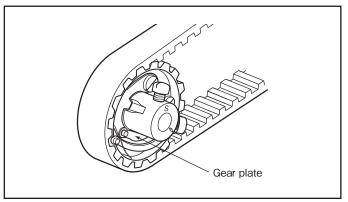
- (1) While pushing down the pushbutton on the opposite side of bed with your left hand, turn the pulley slowly with your right hand away from you as shown in the figure.
- (2) The pulley will be stopped by the gear plate, but turn the pulley more firmly.
- (3) Release the pushbutton.
- (4) The clutch device will be set as shown in the figure.

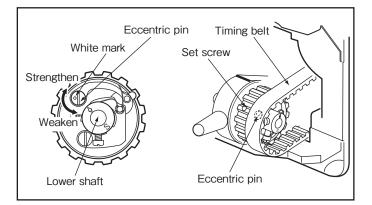
#### 3) Force applied to the safety clutch

- The force applied to the safety clutch is the smallest when the white mark of the eccentric pin faces the center of the lower shaft. The force proportionally increases as the white mark faces the outside.
- (2) To adjust the force, slide the timing belt, loosen the set screw, and turn the eccentric pin.
- (3) After adjusting, fully tighten the set screw.









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# 18 Adjustment of upper feed length (needle side)

If uneven feeding occurs according to the fabric, adjust the long hole of the feed rock shaft crank (right) to adjust the upper feed length.

#### (How to adjust)

- (1) Loosen the special bolt.
- ( 2 ) Move the special bolt upward to decrease the upper feed.
- (3) Move the special bolt downward to increase the upper feed. (The upper feed and the lower feed theoretically become equal when the center of the special bolt matches the reference line of the feed rock shaft crank)
- (4) After adjusting, tighten the special bolt.
- Note: If the special bolt is overtightened, the link and the feed rock shaft crank (right) may not work.

#### 19 Adjustment of forward/ backward feed length

The forward/backward feed length can be adjusted by moving the eccentric pin as shown in the figure.

- (1) Loosen the reverse stitch shaft crank screw.
- (2) To increase forward stitch length, turn the eccentric pin clockwise.

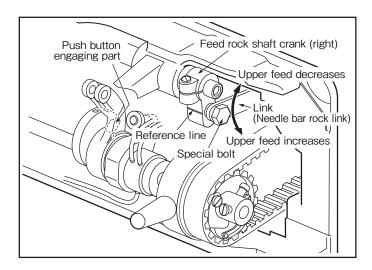
To increase backward stitch length, turn the eccentric pin counterclockwise.

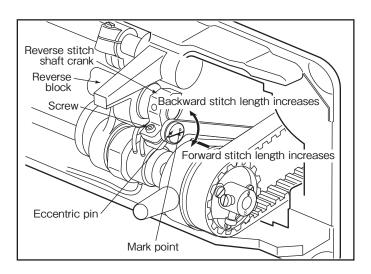
- Note: Please adjust in the range where the mark point of the eccentric pin is facing to the reverse block side as shown in the figure.
- 20 Adjustment of the outside presser foot and the inside presser foot
- 1. Adjustment of working height of the outside presser foot and the inside presser foot.

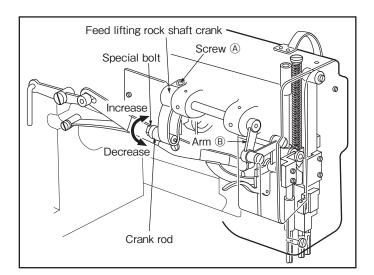
Please adjust working height of the presser foot when sewing the fabric having large elasticity or varying the thickness of the fabric.

#### (How to adjust)

- (1) Loosen the special bolt.
- (2) Working height is the biggest when the crank rod is moved upward and set.
- (3) Working height is the smallest when the crank rod is moved downward and set.
- (4) After adjusting, fully tighten the special bolt.
- •Working height of the presser foot can be adjusted in the range from 2mm to 6mm.







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#### 2. Alternating up and down movement.

A good feed condition is attained when the alternating up and down movement is changed between the outside presser foot and the inside presser foot depending on the kind of fabric. For example)

Reducing the up and down movement of the outside presser foot and increasing it of the inside presser foot may be effective for stitching the slippery fabric.

#### (How to adjust)

- Turn the pulley and stop it at the position where the thread take-up lever comes to the lowest.
- (2) Down the presser foot.
- (3) Loosen the feed lifting rock shaft crank set screw (A).
- (4) Moving the arm <sup>B</sup> to the left, the up and down movement of the inside presser foot increases and it of the outside presser foot decreases.
- (5) In contrast, moving the arm <sup>(B)</sup> to the right, the up and down movement of the inside presser foot decreases and it of the outside presser foot increases.
- (6) After adjusting, fully tighten the screw  $\triangle$ .
- The up and down movement of the inside presser foot and it of the outside presser foot are factory-adjusted to 3mm and 4.2mm.

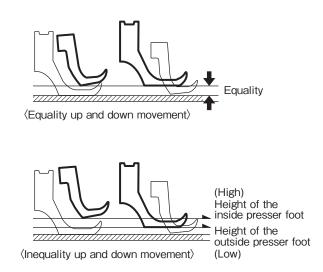
#### 3. How to install the eccentric cam

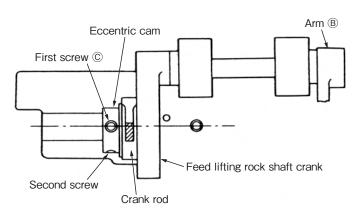
- Turn the pulley and stop it at the position where the thread take-up lever comes to the lowest.
- (2) In this condition, tighten the first screw© of the eccentric cam so that it is faced abeam as shown in the figure.

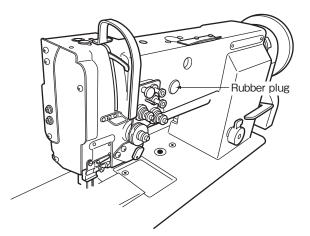
#### 4. Fine adjustment of the eccentric cam

Remove the rubber plug is located in the front of the arm.

The eccentric cam can be finely adjusted through this hole.





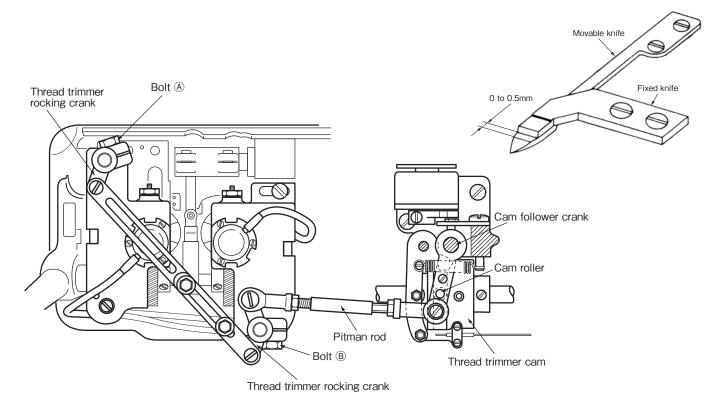


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## 21 Installation of the movable knife

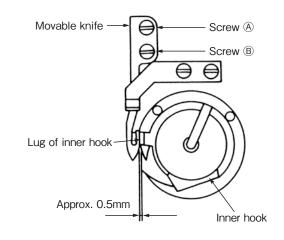
#### 1. Initial position of the movable knife

- (1) Turn the pulley and stop it at the position where the needle comes to the lowest.
- (2) Put the cam roller into the thread trimmer cam groove by pushing the cam follower crank.
- (3) In this condition, turn the pulley and stop it at the position where the black mark point on the arm meets the white mark point on the pulley. Set the cam follower crank at this position with a screwdriver temporarily preventing the cam roller coming out from the cam groove.
- (4) Loosen bolts  $\widehat{\mathbb{A}}$  and  $\widehat{\mathbb{B}}$ .
- (5) Adjust so that the tip slant portion of the movable knife protrudes 0 to 0.5mm from the fixed knife, as shown in the figure and tighten bolts (A) and (B).



# 2. Gap between the movable knife and the lug of inner hook

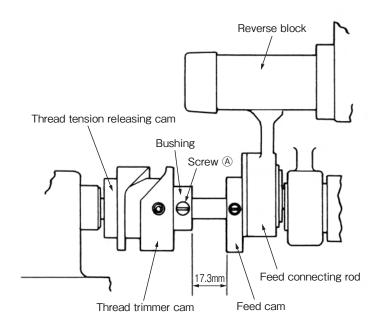
- Turn the pulley and stop it at the position where the needle comes to the lowest.
- (2) While pushing the cam follower crank, turn the pulley and stop it at the position where the movable knife move to the position as shown in the figure.
- (3) Turn the inner hook and adjust so that the gap between the movable knife and the lug of inner hook is about 0.5mm (screws(A) and (B) should be loosened for this adjustment).



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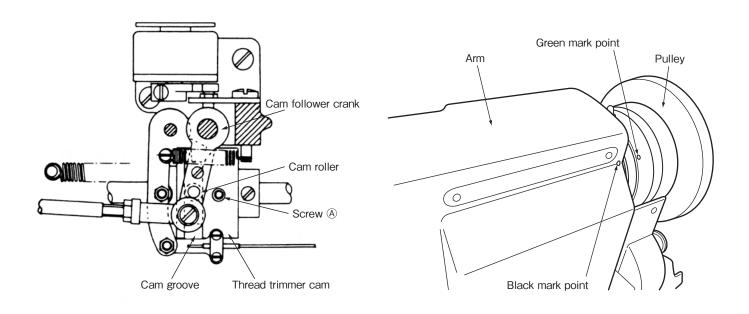
# 22 Installation position of the thread trimmer cam

- Adjust so that the gap between the feed cam and the bushing is 17.3mm and then tighten the screw (A) to the flat on the lower shaft.
- (2) Place the thread trimmer cam on the end face of the bushing and the thread tension releasing cam on the end face of the thread trimmer cam (making the gap between each part zero), then tighten each screw.



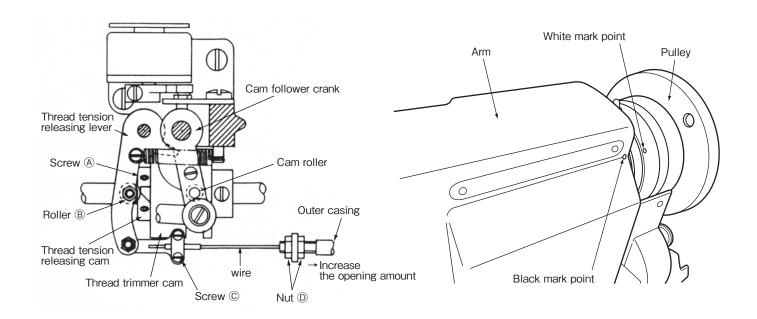
#### 23 Adjustment of the thread trimmer cam

- (1) Turn the pulley and stop it at the position where the needle comes to the lowest.
- (2) Put the cam roller into the thread trimmer cam groove by pushing the cam follower crank.
- (3) Turning the pulley, adjust the thread trimmer cam so that the movable knife starts moving when the green mark point on the pulley comes in line with the black mark point on the arm. To adjust, loosen two thread trimmer cam clamp screws (A).



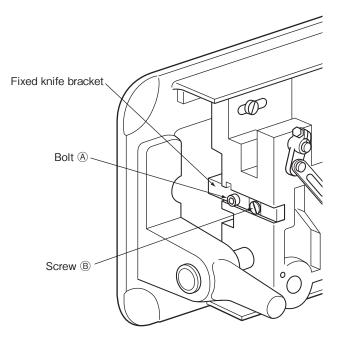
### 24 Adjustment of the thread tension releasing

- (1) Turn the pulley and stop it at the position where the needle comes to the lowest.
- (2) Put the cam roller into the thread trimmer cam groove by pushing the cam follower crank.
- (3) Turning the pulley, adjust the thread tension releasing cam so that the thread tension disc closes when the white mark point on the pulley comes in line with the black mark point on the arm. To adjust, loosen two thread tension releasing cam clamp screws (A).
- (4) The opening amount of the thread tension disc should be adjusted with the thread tension releasing roller 
   B mounted on the convex portion of the thread tension releasing cam, as shown in the figure. To adjust, loosen screws 
   C and pull the wire.
- (5) Make fine adjustments by loosening the nut  $\mathbb{D}$ .
- (6) Loosen the nut  $\mathbb{D}$  and make the outer casing approach to the right to increase the opening amount.



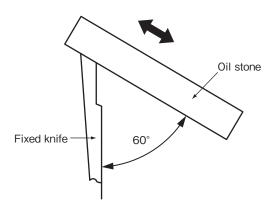
# 25 Adjustment of meshing pressure between the movable knife and the fixed knife

- (1) Loosen the fixed knife bracket clamp bolt A.
- (2) Adjust meshing pressure by turning the up and down adjusting screw B, and tighten the bolt A. Note: Since overpressure causes a large torque on the thread trimmer mechanism and trimming failure, adjust so that the thread can be trimmed with the minimum pressure.
- (3) Move the movable knife and check that the thread can be sharply trimmed.



### 26 Sharpening of the fixed knife

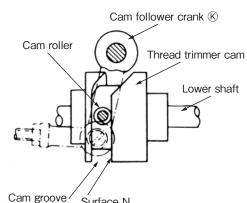
If the fixed knife is dull, it should be sharpened as shown in the figure. Since it is very difficult to sharpen the movable knife, replace it with a new one when it dulls.

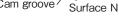


### 27 Adjustment of the thread trimmer with changing the width between needles

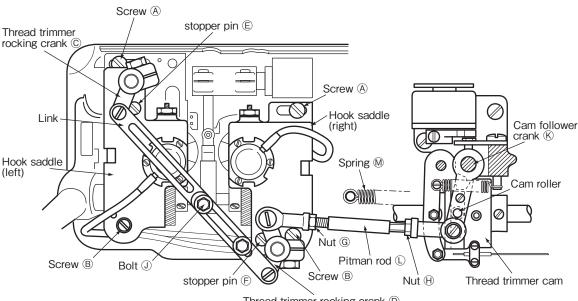
(1) Replace the throat plate, the feed dog, the needle clamp, and the presser foot. When the width between needles is 1/2 inches or more, replace the thread guide too. (Since the throat plate and the feed dog are special parts designed for the thread trimming machine, be sure to use those specified by us.) Note: When the width between needles is 3/4 inches or more, replace the pitman rod .

- (2) Lean the machine head backward.
- (3) Loosen two link clamp bolts  $\mathbb{J}$ .
- (4) Remove the spring  $\mathfrak{M}$ .
- (5) Loosen hook saddle clamp screws (A) and (B). and adjust the gap between the needle and the hook.
- (6) After adjusting the needle and the hook, install the spring  $\mathfrak{M}$ .
- (7) Contact thread trimmer rocking cranks  $\bigcirc$ and  $\mathbb{D}$  to stopper pins  $\mathbb{E}$  and  $\mathbb{F}$ , and tighten the Link clamp bolt (J).



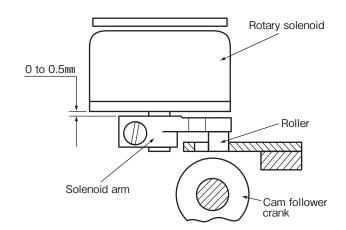


- (8) Turn the pulley and stop it at the position where the needle comes to the lowest.
- (9) Loosen nuts  $\mathbb{G}$  and  $\mathbb{H}$ .
- (10) Push the cam follower crank  $\mathbb{R}$  and adjust the pitman rod  $\mathbb{Q}$  so that the cam roller can smoothly enter the thread trimmer cam groove.
- (11) Adjustment of the cam groove and the cam roller
  - a) Put the cam roller into the thread trimmer cam groove by pushing the cam follower crank  $\mathbb{K}$ .
  - b) Turn the pitman rod  $(\mathbb{D})$ , and adjust the gap between the cam roller and the surface N of the cam groove as small as possible, and tighten nuts  $\mathbb{G}$  and  $\mathbb{H}$ .
  - c) Push the cam follower crank  $\mathbb{K}$  again and check that the cam roller enters the thread trimmer cam groove smoothly.



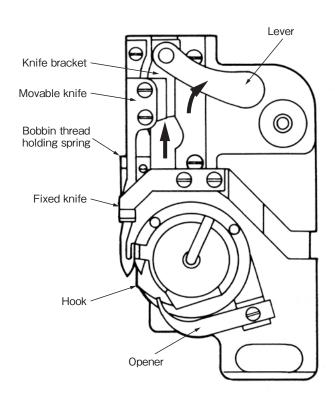
### 28 Installation of the solenoid arm

- Install the rotary solenoid so that the gap between the rotary solenoid and the solenoid arm is about 0 to 0.5mm.
  - Note: If the gap is too large, the roller and the cam follower crank interfere while rotating movement of the solenoid, which causes malfunction and result in failure of the thread trimmer device.



#### 29 Removal procedure of the hook

- Loosen three set screws of the small gear to the hook shaft.
- (2) Remove the opener.
- (3) Remove the fixed knife.
- (4) Move the lever to the arrow direction, and move the movable knife to the arrow direction.
- (5) Remove the hook.
- Note: To install the hook, reverse the removing procedure. When tightening screws of the small gear, check that one of the screws enters a notch of the hook shaft.



## LU2-4410-B1T-CS · LU2-4430-B1T Specifications

Model		LU2-4410-B1T-CS	LU2-4430-B1T
Number of needles		Single-Needle	Double-Needle
Application		Automotive seat (Heavy material)	Heavy material
Max. sewing speed (rpm) Stitch length (mm)		2000	
		0 to 9	
Presser foot Hand		8	
stroke (mm)	Knee	16	
Needle		DP × 17 #21	DP × 17 #23
Needle bar stroke (mm)Thread take-up lever stroke (mm)Vertical stroke of upper feed (mm)Thread trimmer		35.0	36.0
		70.0	74.5
		2.0 to 6.0	
		0	
Touch back		0	
Hook (horizontal rotating hook) Bobbin		Large	
		Made of aluminum for thread trimmer	
Lubrication system		Automatic lubrication	
Bed dimensions (mm)		$517 \times 178$	
Needle gauge (mm)			Standard 6.4 Special 3.2, 4, 4.8, 8, 9.5, 12.7, 16, 19, 25.4

Note: •Feed dog, throat plate, rotating hook, bobbin case, bobbin, and bed slide should be those designed for the thread trimmer.

•The bobbin should be of high quality free from deformation.

•Some materials, gauge sizes, and/or sewing conditions may require specifications other than those listed above.

•These specifications are subject to change for machine improvement

# JUKI CORPORATION