(Explanatory Meeting)

## First Half Account Settlement FY2020 ending December 31, 2020 on a consolidated basis

August 6, 2020 Akira Kiyohara

**Representative Director, JUKI Corporation** 

(This translation may be used for reference purposes only)





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# Part 1

# Performance of the 1st Half of FY2020 (ending Dec. 2020)

#### 1-1 Performance Trends and Dividends for the 1st Half of FY2020



Net sales decreased by 41.2% year-on-year as demand for capital investment continued to remain low, particularly due to low operating ratio of some companies, including our customers whose sewing factories in a number of countries and regions suspended operations.

Operating profit and ordinary profit declined sharply respectively year-on-year, mainly due to the impact of lower sales, despite further deepening the structural reforms beyond the initial targets set out at the beginning of the fiscal year and making major production adjustments, including a simultaneous suspension of operations at the head office and Group factories in Japan and overseas, improving profits through temporary leave for administrative (indirect) functions and introduction of new forms of working. (Unit: million yen)

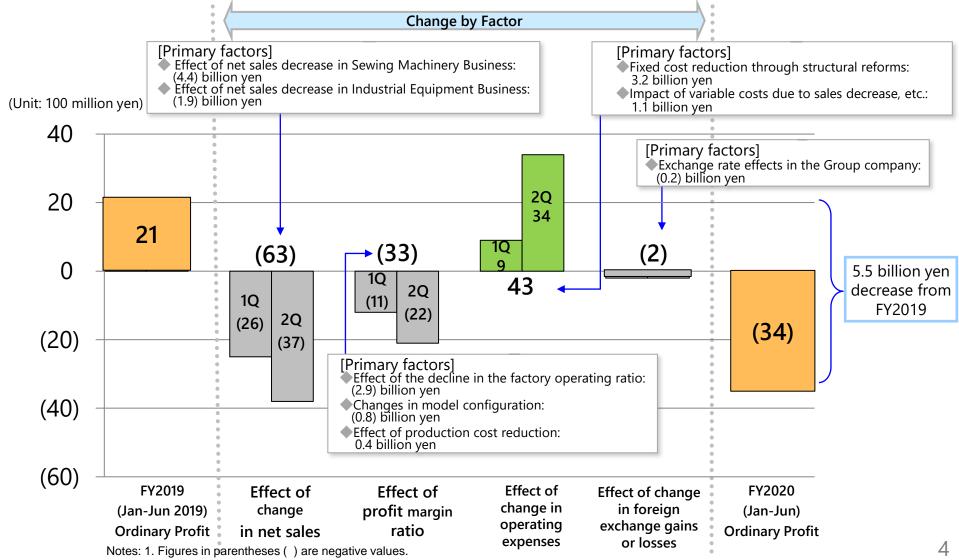
		FY2019	ended Decem 2019	ber 31,	FY	2020				
			1st half		1st half			Year-on-Year		
		1Q	2Q	1st half <a></a>	1Q	IQ 2Q 1st half		1Q 2Q 1st half		change <b-a></b-a>
		Jan-Mar 2019	Apr-Jun 2019	Jan-Jun 2019	Jan-Mar 2020	Apr-Jun 2020	(%)			
Net	Sales	25,753	26,132	51,885	16,860	13,636	30,496	(21,389) (41.2)%		
Oper	ating	1,349	1,246	2,595	(1,472)	(1,996)	(3,468)	(6,063) - (5,549) -		
Pro	ofit	[5.2%]	[4.8%]	[5.0%]	[(8.7)%]	[(14.6)%]	[(11.4)%]			
Ordi	inary	1,103	1,004	2,107	(1,732)	(1,710)	(3,442)			
Pro	ofit	[4.3%]	[3.8%]	[4.1%]	[(10.3)%]	[(12.5)%]	[(11.3)%]			
Dra	ofit	727	709	1,436	(1,836)	(2,067)	(3,902)	(5,339)		
PIC	JII	[2.8%]	[2.7%]	[2.8%]	[(10.9)%]	[(15.2)%]	[(12.8)%]	-		
Exchange	1 US\$	¥110	¥110	¥110	¥109	¥108	¥108	¥(2)		
Rate	1 Euro	¥126	¥123	¥124	¥121	¥119	¥120	¥(4)		

Notes: 1. Exchange rate is an average rate during the period, and such rate influences operating profit. 2. Figures in brackets [] are ratios of profit to net sales. 3. Figures in parentheses () are negative values.

#### 1-2 Factors Leading to an Increase/Decrease in Ordinary Profit



Ordinary profit decreased by 5.5 billion yen year-on-year due to the impact of lower sales and a decline in factory operation ratio, despite efforts to decrease costs through cost structure reforms and other measures.



#### **1-3 Initiatives for Cost Structure Reforms**



A reduction of 3.2 billion yen year-on-year was achieved through the implementation of cost reductions that went beyond the initial targets.

Personnel Cost Reform (Decrease by 0.9 billion yen)	<ul> <li>Personnel treatment system</li> <li>Temporary leave at Head Office</li> <li>Introduction of new forms of working</li> </ul>	
Production Cost Reform (Decrease by 1.2 billion yen)	<ul> <li>Substantial production adjustments including simultaneous shut down of Group factories in Japan and overseas</li> <li>Cost reduction through a transition to smart factory</li> </ul>	Cost Structure Reforms (Decrease by 3.2 billion yen)
Sales Cost Reform (Decrease by 1.1 billion yen)	<ul> <li>Cost reduction of Group companies (review of treatment, temporary leave, etc.)</li> </ul>	



Total assets (\*Note 1) increased by 15.6 billion yen year-on-year due to factors such as an increase in cash and deposits, while accounts receivable decreased.

Interest-bearing debt (\*Note 2) was 48.7 billion yen on a cash deposit deduction basis, as cash on hand increased by 25.2 billion yen year-on-year as a measure against the new coronavirus (COVID-19).

			(Unit: million ye	
	As of December 31, 2019 (FY2019) <a></a>	As of June 31, 2020 (FY2020) <b></b>	Change <b-a></b-a>	35%         29.6%         30.7%         32.3%         30.2%           25%         24.4%         24.4%         24.4%           15%         1         1         1
Total assets	114,715	130,282	15,566.	<sup>10%</sup> 5% End of 2017 End of 2018 End of 2019 End of 2Q After deducting FY2020 cash and
Net assets [Foreign currency translation adjustment]	<b>37,752</b> [ (3,437)]	<b>32,394</b> [ (4,074)]	<b>(5,357)</b> [ (636)]	deposits with an increase in cash on hand
Net assets ratio	32.9%	24.9%	(8.0)%	Interest-bearing Debt after Deduction of Cash and Deposits (equivalents) 800 [unit :100 million yen)
Equity ratio	32.3%	24.4%	(7.9)%	441     451     479     487       500     -     -     -     -
Trade receivables [Turnover period]	<b>30,461</b> [3.7months]	<b>21,207</b> [4.2months]	<b>(9,253)</b> [0.5months]	End of 2017 End of 2018 End of 2019 End of 2Q FY2020
Inventories [Turnover period]	<b>41,461</b> [5.0months]	<b>41,127</b> [8.1months]	(333) [3.1months]	Net Debt-to-equity Ratio(Interest-bearing debt after deduction of cash and deposits) /total assets
Trade payables [Turnover period]	<b>9,998</b> [1.2months]	<b>7,222</b> [1.4months]	(2,775) [0.2months]	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Interest-bearing debt	53,878	79,883	26,005	L *Noto2 End of 2017 End of 2018 End of 2019 End of 2Q
Cash and deposits	5,987	31,203	25,215_	EV /0/0
Exchange rate (period-end) 1USI	9 110yen	108yen	(2)yen	Notes: 1. Figures in brackets [] are ratios of profit to net sales. 2. Figures in parentheses () are negative values.

#### **1-5-1** Performance by Business Segment: **Change in Net Sales**



Net sales of Sewing Machinery & Systems Business decreased by 45.9% year-on-year due mostly to sharp decreases in net sales of industrial sewing machines in each market, mainly in Asia, although net sales of household sewing machines increased in Japan, Europe and the U.S. due to increased demand generated by people staying at home following the spread of COVID-19 infection.

Net sales of Industrial Equipment & Systems Business decreased by 32.4% year-on-year due mostly to decreased sales in each market year-on-year, and sluggish sales of the Group Business such as contract manufacturing, mainly for in-car-related products. Sales of electronic assembly systems increased in 2Q compared to 1Q reflecting a recovery of capital investment demand related to 5G, primarily in China and other countries. (Unit: million ven)

	FY2019 ended December 31, 2019			FY2	FY2020 ending December 31, 2020				
	1st half 1st half			1st half			1st half		Year-on-year
	1Q	2Q	First half <a></a>	1Q	2Q	First half <b></b>	change <b-a></b-a>		
	Jan-Mar 2019	Apr-Jun 2019	Jan-Jun 2019	Jan-Mar 2020	Apr-Jun 2020	Jan-Jun 2020	(%)		
Sewing Machinery & Systems	17,083	17,026	34,109	10,662	7,780	18,442	(15,667) (45.9)%		
 Industry Equipment & Systems	8,607	9,047	17,654	6,140	5,800	11,940	(5,714) (32.4)%		
Others	62	59	121	57	56	113	(8) (6.6)%		
Total	25,753	26,132	51,885	16,860	13,636	30,496	(21,389) (41.2)%		
 Group Business	2,684	2,941	5,625	2,520	1,942	4,462	<mark>(1,163)</mark> (20.7)%		

Note : 1. Figures in parentheses() are negative values.

#### 1-5-2 Performance by Business Segment: Change in Ordinary Profit



Ordinary profit for Sewing Machinery & Systems declined year-on-year due to a decrease in sales and a decline in the factory operating ratio (decreased by 54.4% year-on-year), while a reduction of deficit in 2Q was achieved compared with those in 1Q by efforts to reduce costs through structure reforms.

Ordinary profit for Industrial Equipment & Systems declined year-on-year due to a decrease in sales and a decline in the factory operating ratio (decreased by 33.2% year-on-year), despite a reduction of deficit in 2Q achieved by efforts to reduce costs through structural reforms.

(Unit: million yen)

	FY2019 ended December 31, 2019			FY2	020		
	1st half				1st half		
	1Q	2Q	First half <a></a>	1Q 2Q		2Q First half <b></b>	
	Jan-Mar 2019	Apr-Jun 2019	Jan-Jun 2019	Jan-Mar 2020	Apr-Jun 2020	Jan-Jun 2020	(%)
Sewing Machinery	795	1,016	1,811	(922)	(879)	(1,801)	(3,612)
& Systems	[4.7%]	[6.0%]	[5.3%]	[(8.6)%]	[(11.3)%]	[(9.8)%]	-
Industrial Equipment & Systems	679 [7.9%]	<b>498</b> [5.5%]	<b>1,177</b> [6.7%]	<b>(384)</b> [(6.3)%]	<b>(231)</b> [(4.0)%]	<b>(615)</b> [(5.2)%]	(1,792) -
Others	<b>13</b> [21.0%]	<b>27</b> [45.8%]	<b>40</b> [33.1%]	<b>19</b> [33.3%]	22 [39.3%]	<b>41</b> [36.3%]	1 (2.5%)
Adjustment	(384)	(538)	(922)	(445)	(621)	(1,066)	(144)
Total	1,103 [4.3%]	<b>1,004</b> [3.8%]	<b>2,107</b> [4.1%]	<b>(1,732)</b> [(10.3)%]	<b>(1,710)</b> [(12.5)%]	<b>(3,442)</b> [(11.3)%]	(5,549) -

Notes: 1. Figures in brackets [ ] are a ratio of ordinary profit to net sales.

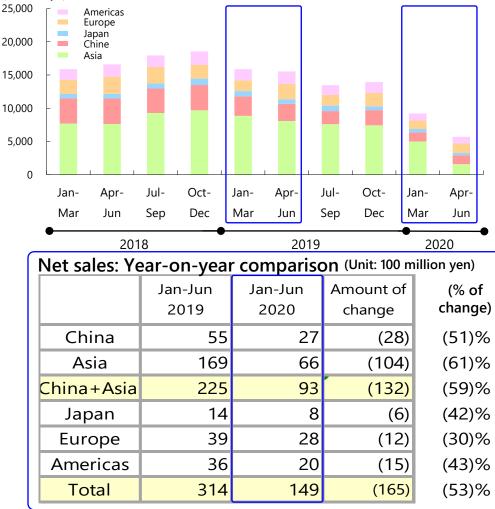
2. Figures in parentheses( )are negative values.

#### (Reference Info#1) Performance by Business Segment: Sewing Machinery & Systems Business

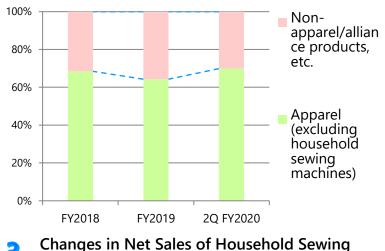
Net sales of industrial sewing machines decreased by 53% year-on-year due to a drop in sales in each market, particularly in Asia.

Net sales of household sewing machines increased by 25% year-on-year.

Changes in Net Sales of Industrial Sewing Machines by Region(monthly aggregation base)



Changes in Net Sales of Apparel/Non-Apparel Products(excluding Household Swing Machines)



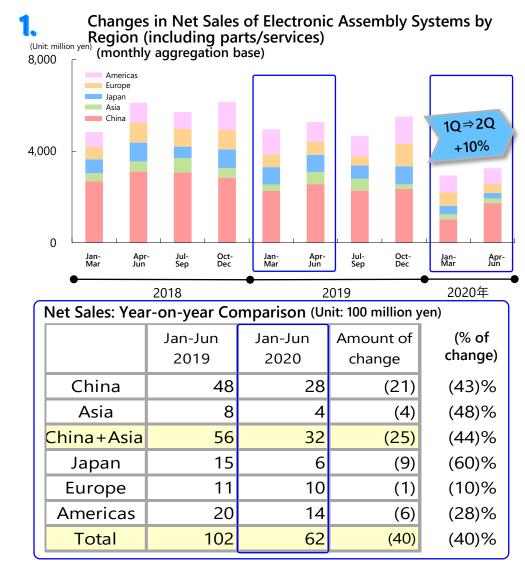
Machines



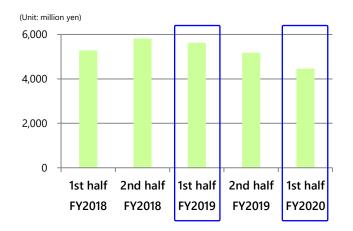


#### (Reference Info#2) Performance by Business Segment : Industrial Equipment & Systems Business

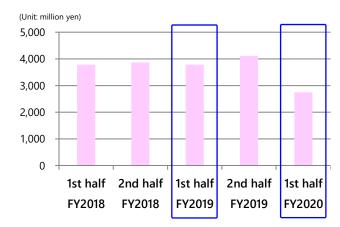
Net sales for electronic assembly system, including the Parts Business increased by 10% in 2Q but decreased by 40% year-on-year







**3** Parts Business: Changes in Net Sales



Note: 1. Figures in parentheses() are negative values.

Mind & Technology



# Part 2

# Key Initiatives for the 2nd Half of FY2020

\*The Company is currently reviewing the Medium-Term Management Plan that was previously posted because the preconditions for achieving the initially planned target value have changed due to the impact of COVID-19. The Company will scrutinize the plan in this year and disclose it again.

#### 2-1-1 Anticipated Business Climate and Market Trends



Until remedies of COVID-19 and preventive vaccines become available and infections are completely overcome, it remains to be a major challenge to balance <u>"saving lives"</u> and <u>"recovering the economy."</u>

The Economy	<ul> <li>Economic Recovery:</li> <li>The economy is recovering while coexisting with COVID-19. <u>While China, Europe, the U.S., Japan and Southeast Asia are heading for recovery, areas such as South Asia and Africa are expected to remain stagnant.</u></li> <li><u>Review of companies' supply chains</u> and relocation of production sites are likely to continue to maintain stable supply.</li> <li><u>Expanding use of advanced technologies such as AI, 5G, and IoT</u> for various products and services.</li> </ul>
Social requirement	<ul> <li>Adapting to the New Normal:</li> <li>Promotion of work style reform (digitalization of work, remote work), promotion of social distancing measures.</li> <li>Initiatives for SDGs (Realization of Sustainable Society):</li> <li>Responding to efforts to save resources and reduce waste.</li> <li>Strengthening compliance and corporate governance.</li> </ul>

In the future, the New Normal with and after COVID-19 will take hold, and new industries will be born. There will be new business opportunities in it!!

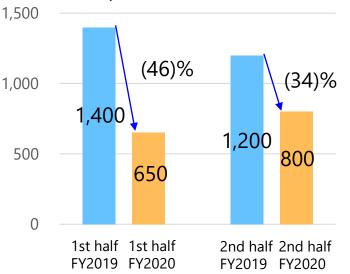
#### 2-1-2 Market Trends (Main Businesses)



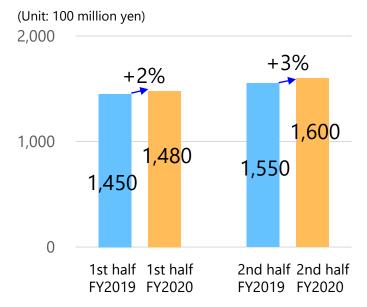
The market for industrial sewing machines shrank by 30-40% year-on-year due to slow recovery in apparel demand. The market for electronic assembly systems expanded by approximately 5% year-on-year due to 5G-related demand in China and others.

#### 2nd Half FY2020 Market Forecast (Main businesses)





#### Electronic Assembly Systems (SMT) Market



#### 2-2-1 Priority Policy for the 2nd Half of FY2020



#### Four priority policies that JUKI should pursue in the context of living with COVID-19

(1) Thorough implementation of JUKI New Principles (action guidelines) and a shift to a new work system in order to maintain sound business establishments.

Priority Policy for 2nd half of FY2020

- (2) Further aggressive reduction of expenses through cost structure reforms.
- (3) Add value by strengthening existing businesses, creating new businesses and expanding our business areas.
- (4) Building a new management system in anticipation of post COVID-19 society.\*
- \*Review of work operations by establishing specialized departments and construction of highly efficient work operation systems by introducing RPA and others.

The most important agendas for improving profits in the 2nd half of FY2020

#### 2-2-2 Key Initiatives for the 2nd Half of FY2020 -Cost Reduction through Cost Structure reforms-



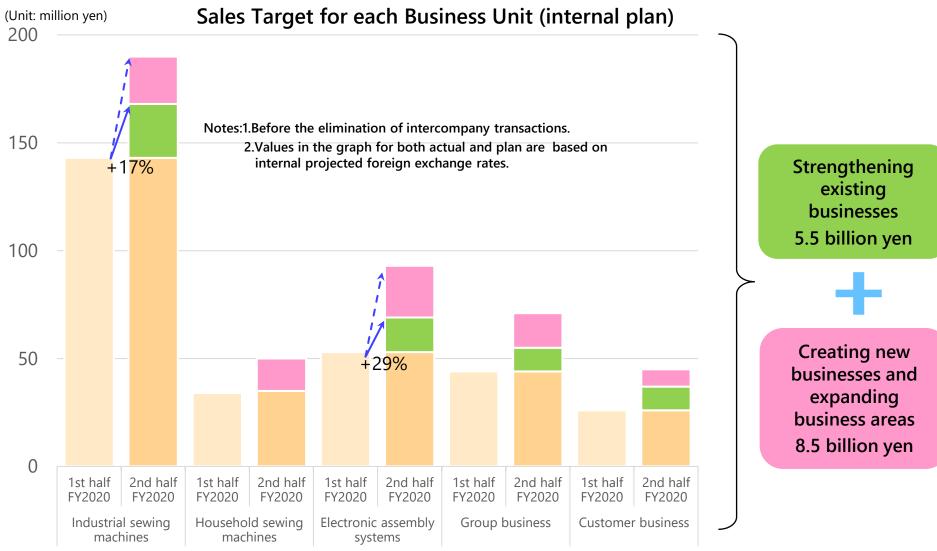
Expenses to be reduced by approximately 2.7 billion yen year-on-year through the implementation of additional measures for further reduction of the cost level in the 1st half of FY2020.

Personnel Cost Reform (Decrease by 0.4 billion yen)	<ul> <li>Temporary leave at Head Office (continued)</li> <li>Institutionalization of new forms of working (addition)</li> <li>Streamlining of administrative and indirect functions of Head Office (addition)</li> </ul>		
Production Cost Reform (Decrease by 0.9 billion yen)	<ul> <li>Production adjustment including simultaneous shutdown of Group factories in Japan and overseas (continued)</li> <li>Cost reduction through a transition to smart factory (continued)</li> <li>Optimization of factory manufacturing scale (addition)</li> </ul>		Cost Structure Reforms (Decrease by 2.7 billion yen)
Sales Cost Reform (Decrease by 1.4 billion yen)	<ul> <li>Cost reduction of Group companies (continued)</li> <li>Streamlining of administrative and indirect functions of sales companies (addition)</li> </ul>		

#### 2-2-3 Key Initiatives for the 2nd Half of FY2020 -Strengthening Existing Businesses/Creating New Businesses and Expanding Business Areas-



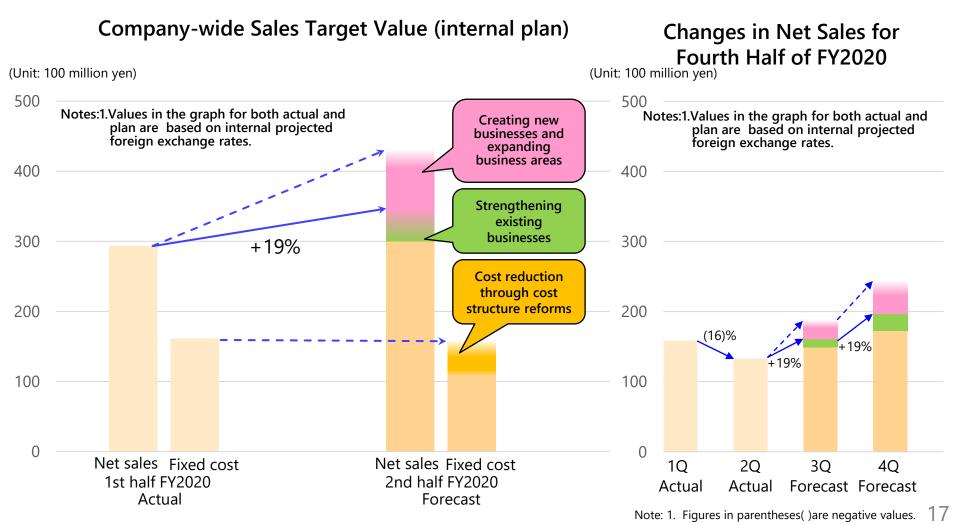
Enhancing added value by creating new businesses and expanding our business areas, in addition to strengthening existing businesses,



#### 2-2-4 FY2020 Full-Year Results Forecast



- Aiming to recover business performance by "reducing costs through cost structure reforms" + "strengthening existing businesses" + "creating new businesses and expanding business areas."
- However, it is difficult to predict when the spread of COVID-19 will be brought under control, and "forecasts remain yet to be decided."



# 2-2-5-1 Sewing Machinery & Systems Business (Industrial Sewing Machines) Mind & Technology Vision Contribute our energy towards enabling customers to make smart factories by offering JUKI Smart Solutions.

Develop new line solution business for COVID-19 measures.

Build a future customer base by finding and developing new middle-market

Basic

#### **Policies** customers and bringing them into high-end market. Target Value for the 2nd half of FY2020 Creating New Business Notes:1. Before inter-company eliminations. 2. Values in the graph for both actual and plan are based on internal projected foreign exchange rates. Expand line solution business for face mask sewing (Unit: 100 million yen) 200 150 +17% 100 50 0 2nd half 1st half New product lineup including new products FY2020 FY2020

#### 2-2-5-2 Key Initiatives for FY2020: Sewing Machinery & Systems Business (Industrial Sewing Machines)



#### **One-stop JUKI smart factory**



# 2-2-6-1 Sewing Machinery Systems & Business (Household Sewing Machines) Mind & Technology Vision Create new ways to enjoy handicraft-making, in collaboration with customer (home sewers) who have excellent handicraft capabilities. Basic Policy Expand solid business based on strengths in high-end household sewing machines, small overlock machines, sewing machines for professionals, and quilting machines.

(Unit: 100 million ven)

#### Target Value for the 2nd half of FY2020

Notes:1. Before the elimination of intercompany transactions.

2. Values in the graph for both actual and plan are based on internal projected foreign exchange rates.

40 20 0 1st half FY2020 2nd half FY2020

60

#### **Expanding Business Areas**

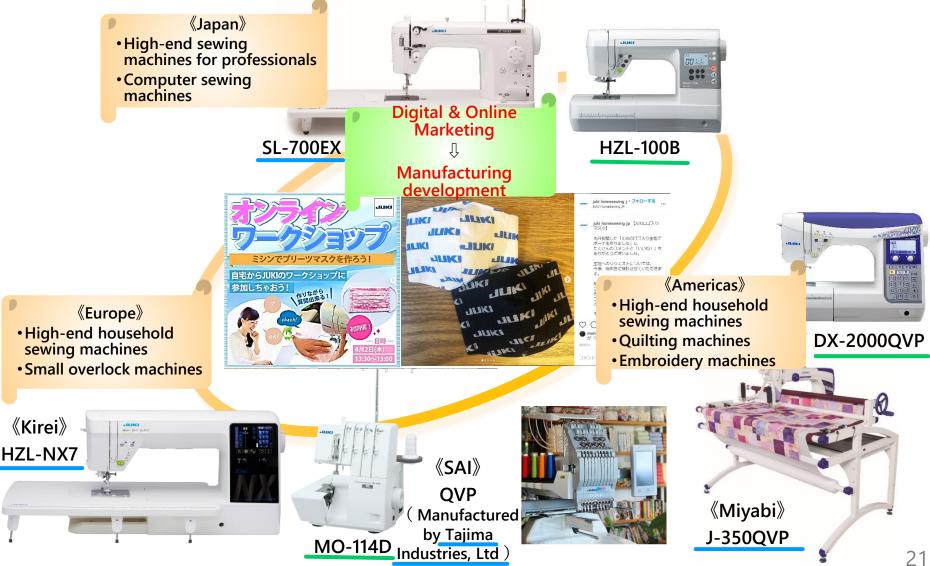
Expand sales by deploying platinum models of sewing machines for professionals.



New model to be released this autumn

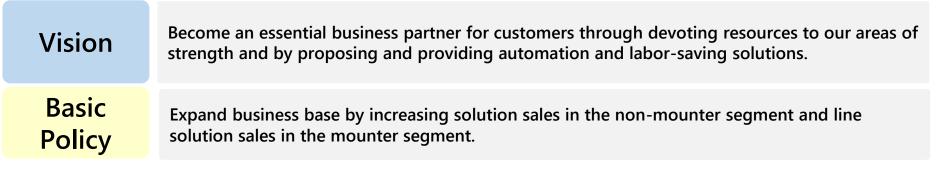
#### 2-2-6-2 Key Initiatives for FY2020: Sewing Machinery & Systems Business (Household Sewing Machines) Mind Technology

Strengthen the lineup that matches the market trends and supply products that respond to changes in business environment.



#### 2-2-7-1 Industrial Equipment & Systems Business (Electronic Assembly Systems)

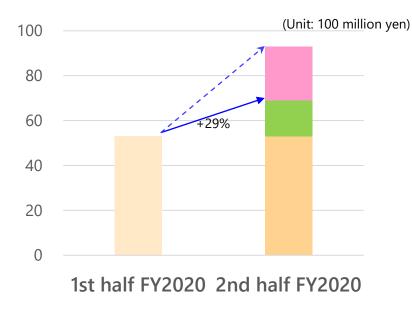




#### Target Value for the 2nd half of FY2020

Notes:1. Before inter-company eliminations.

2. Values in the graph for both actual and plan are based on internal projected foreign exchange rates.



#### **Expanding Business Areas**

Expand business areas for MI+ robots, inspection/measurement and automated warehousing.

MI+Robots





Inspection/ measurement



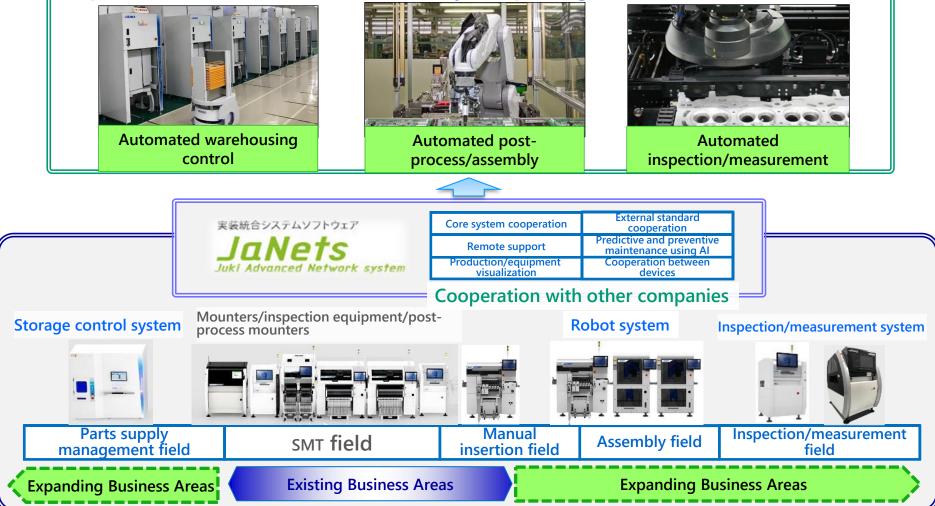
Automated warehousing



2-2-7-2 Key Initiatives for FY2020 : Industrial Products & Systems Business (Electronic Assembly Systems) Mind Technology

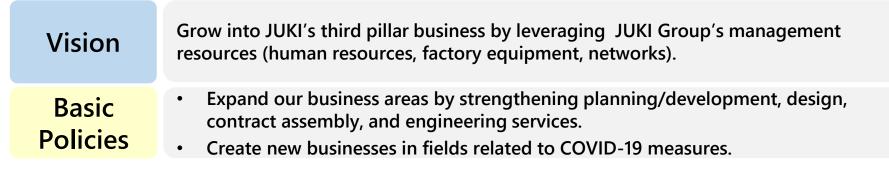
## **JUKI Smart Solutions**

Expand our business areas further by deepening alliances and automation.



#### 2-2-8-1 Industrial Equipment & Systems Business (Group Business)

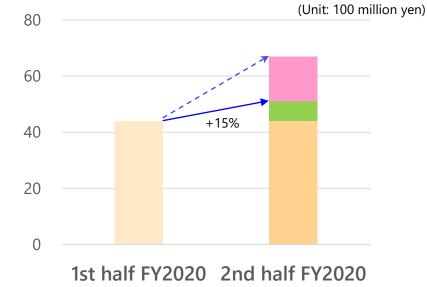




#### Target Value for the 2nd half of FY2020

Notes:1. Before inter-company eliminations.

2. Values in the graph for both actual and plan are based on internal projected foreign exchange rates.



#### **Expanding Business Areas**

Automate manufacturing at customers' factories, expand line construction (engineering).

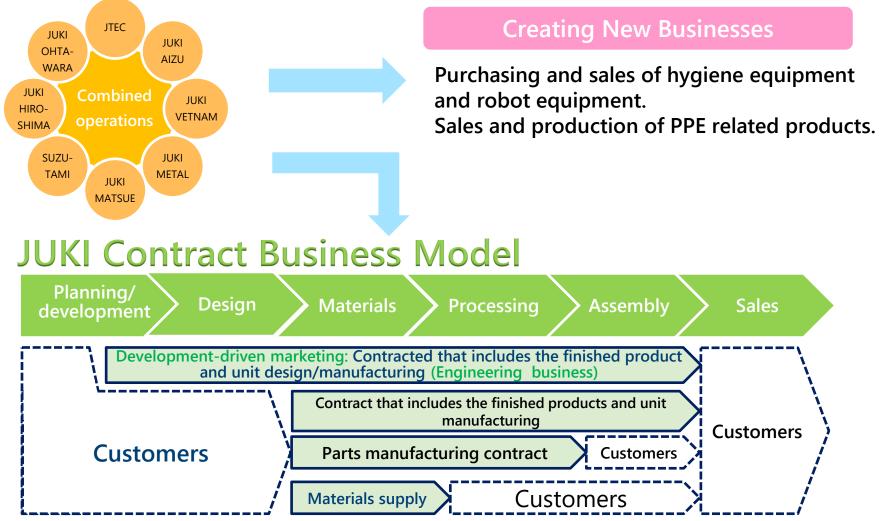


Process visualization/process robotization

#### 2-2-8-2 Key Initiatives for FY2020:Industrial Products & Systems Business (Group Business)



- Expand our business areas by strengthening planning/development, design, contract assembly, and engineering services. Create new business in fields related to COVID-19 measures. •



#### 2-2-5-1 Industrial Equipment & Systems Business (Customer Business)



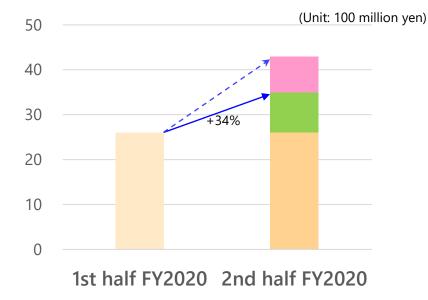
Vision JUKI's parts can be received the day after they're ordered.

**Basic Policy** Make the change from the selling of "things" to the selling of "services" across the boundaries of sewing machinery and electronic assembly systems. - Speed up the implementation of a customer lock-in strategy by enhancing added value -

#### Target Value for the 2nd half of FY2020

Notes:1. Before inter-company eliminations.

2. Values in the graph for both actual and plan are based on internal projected foreign exchange rates.



#### Creating New Businesses

#### Expansion of remote support field.

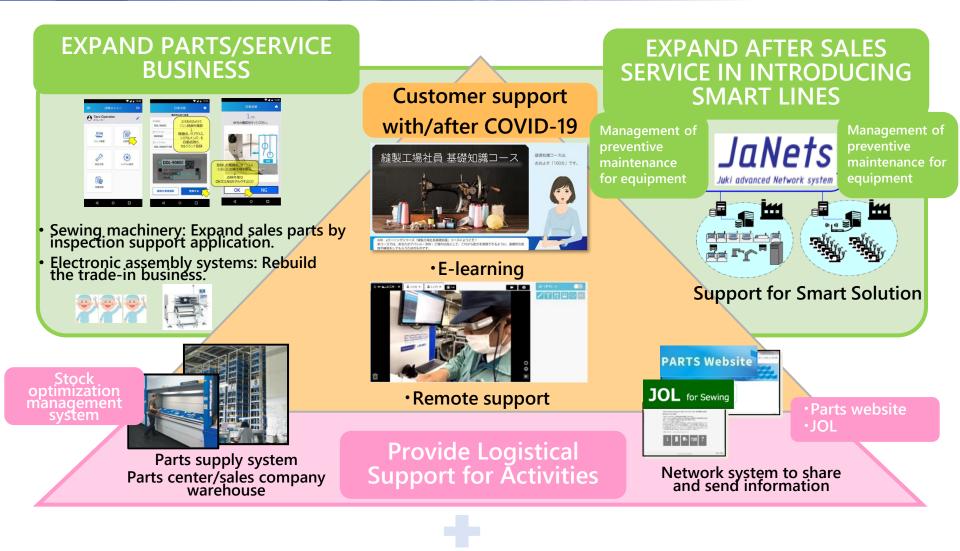


Deployment of inspection support app



Provision of E-learning contents for operators

#### 2-2-5-2 Key Initiatives for FY2020 : Industrial Equipment LILIK & Systems Business (Customer Business)

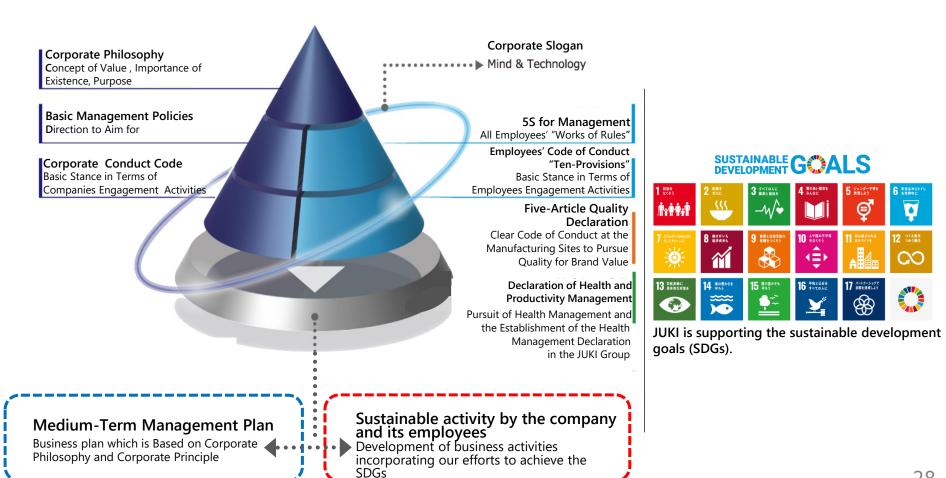


**Open Innovation with Subcontractors** 

# 2-3-1 Corporate Initiatives for Responding to the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)



JUKI has been working on various businesses to realize a sustainable society. Targeting at the achievement of the SDGs in 2030, we will focus on business creation, and work to solve social issues.



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#### 2-3-2 Initiatives for SDGs -Priority Initiatives-



質の高い教育を みんなに

全業と技術革新
基盤をつくろう

1 貧困を なくそう

**N:\*\***\*

● 働きがいも 経済成長も

10 人や国の不平等 をなくそう

#### Initiatives for Economic Development in Developing Countries



Through industrial sewing business, the Company is striving to create industries and contribute to economic development in developing countries. The Company participated in "Ethiopia-Japan Garment & Textile Industry Development Seminar" in Ethiopia on 19th of February and gave a presentation on the theme of "Importance of factory diagnosis to improve quality and productivity in the sewing industry" as support for the development of the sewing industry in Ethiopia.

#### **Improving Environmental Performance**



At our production bases in Japan and overseas, the Company continues to contribute to the environment through activities to reduce CO2, waste, volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and others. JUKI XINXING INDUSTRY CO., LTD. has newly introduced a combustion-type VOC purification facility and is engaged in manufacturing that complies with the emission standard of VOCs for industrial companies in China.



#### **Initiatives for Local and Social Contribution**



To prevent COVID-19 infections, the Company produced face masks using JUKI industrial sewing machines and household sewing machines, and donated a total of 32,700 masks to Tama City (Tokyo) and local governments with our seven domestic factories. Handmade face masks have three sizes: small, medium and large, and about 50 employees at the Ohtawara plant sew them.



This material contains forward-looking statements concerning future plans, strategies and assumptions in light of the economic, financial and other data currently available. Furthermore, they are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. JUKI therefore wishes to caution readers that actual results may differ materially from those projected in such forward-looking statements.

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#### JUKI CORPORATION